# Multi-Range DC Power Supply

PSB-1000 Series

USER MANUAL GW INSTEK PART NO. 82SB-18000E01



ISO-9001 CERTIFIED MANUFACTURER



This manual contains proprietary information, which is protected by copyright. All rights are reserved. No part of this manual may be photocopied, reproduced or translated to another language without prior written consent of Good Will company.

The information in this manual was correct at the time of printing. However, Good Will continues to improve products and reserves the rights to change specification, equipment, and maintenance procedures at any time without notice.

Good Will Instrument Co., Ltd. No. 7-1, Jhongsing Rd., Tucheng Dist., New Taipei City 236, Taiwan.

# **Table of Contents**

SAFETY INSTR		5
GETTING STA	RTED	9
	PSB-1000 Series Overview	11
	Appearance	
	Theory of Operation	29
OPERATION		41
	Set Up	
	Basic Operation	65
	Advanced Settings	77
	Power On Configuration	
	Parallel/Series Operation	
	File Operations	
	Sequence Function	127
	Trigger Input & Output	
EXTERNAL CO	NTROL	143
	Analog Control	144
	Remote Monitoring	
COMMUNICA	TION INTERFACE	
	Interface Configuration	167
FAQ		
		100
	DSR 1000 Dofault Sattings	۰۰۰۰۰ ۲ <b>۵۵</b> ۱۰۵
	DSP 1000 Spacifications	۰۰۰۰ ۱۵۵ ۱۵۸
	DSP 1000 Dimensions	
	Declaration of Conformity	200 201
	Declaration of Comorning	

# **SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS**

This chapter contains important safety instructions that you must follow during operation and storage. Read the following before any operation to ensure your safety and to keep the instrument in the best possible condition.

#### Safety Symbols

These safety symbols may appear in this manual or on the instrument.

	Warning: Identifies conditions or practices that could result in injury or loss of life.
	Caution: Identifies conditions or practices that could result in damage to the PSB-1000 or to other properties.
<u>Á</u>	DANGER High Voltage
<u>!</u>	Attention Refer to the Manual
	Protective Conductor Terminal
$\mathcal{H}$	Earth (ground) Terminal



Do not dispose electronic equipment as unsorted municipal waste. Please use a separate collection facility or contact the supplier from which this instrument was purchased.

#### Safety Guidelines

General Guideline CAUTION	<ul><li>Do not place any heavy object on the PSB-1000.</li><li>Avoid severe impact or rough handling that</li></ul>
	leads to damaging the PSB-1000.
	• Do not discharge static electricity to the PSB- 1000.
	• Use only mating connectors, not bare wires, for the terminals.
	• Do not block the cooling fan opening.
	• Do not disassemble the PSB-1000 unless you are qualified.
	(Measurement categories) EN 61010-1:2010 specifies the measurement categories and their requirements as follows. The PSB-1000 doesn't fall under category II, III or IV.
	<ul> <li>Measurement category IV is for measurement performed at the source of low-voltage installation.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Measurement category III is for measurement performed in the building installation.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Measurement category II is for measurement performed on the circuits directly connected to the low voltage installation.</li> </ul>
	• 0 is for measurements performed on circuits not directly connected to Mains.
Power Supply	AC Input voltage range: 100Vac to 240Vac
WARNING	• Frequency: 47Hz-63Hz
	<ul> <li>To avoid electrical shock connect the protective grounding conductor of the AC power cord to an earth ground.</li> </ul>

Cleaning the PSB- 1000	• Disconnect the power cord before cleaning.		
	• Use a soft cloth dampened in a solution of mild detergent and water. Do not spray any liquid.		
	• Do not use chemicals containing harsh material such as benzene, toluene, xylene, and acetone.		
Operation Environment	• Location: Indoor, no direct sunlight, dust free, almost non-conductive pollution (Note below)		
	• Relative Humidity: 20%- 85%, no condensation		
	Altitude: Maximum 2000m		
	• Temperature: 0°C to 40°C		
	(Pollution Degree) EN 61010-1:2010 specifies the pollution degrees and their requirements as follows. The PSB-1000 falls under degree 2.		
	Pollution refers to "addition of foreign matter, solid, liquid, or gaseous (ionized gases), that may produce a reduction of dielectric strength or surface resistivity".		
	<ul> <li>Pollution degree 1: No pollution or only dry, non-conductive pollution occurs. The pollution has no influence.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Pollution degree 2: Normally only non-conductive pollution occurs. Occasionally, however, a temporary conductivity caused by condensation must be expected.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Pollution degree 3: Conductive pollution occurs, or dry, non- conductive pollution occurs which becomes conductive due to condensation which is expected. In such conditions, equipment is normally protected against exposure to direct sunlight, precipitation, and full wind pressure, but neither temperature nor humidity is controlled.</li> </ul>		
Storage	Location: Indoor		
environment	• Temperature: -25°C to 70°C		
	• Relative Humidity: ≤90%, no condensation		
Disposal	Do not dispose this instrument as unsorted municipal waste. Please use a separate collection facility or contact the supplier from which this instrument was purchased. Please make sure discarded electrical waste is properly recycled to reduce environmental impact.		

#### Power cord for the United Kingdom

When using the instrument in the United Kingdom, make sure the power cord meets the following safety instructions.

NOTE: This lead/a	appliance must or	ly be wired by competent persons
WARNING: T	HIS APPLIANCE I wires in this lead	MUST BE EARTHED are coloured in accordance with the
following code:		
Green/ Yellow:	Earth	OE
Blue:	Neutral	
Brown:	Live (Phase)	
As the colours o the coloured ma	f the wires in m rking identified	ain leads may not correspond wi

th 1 ug/ app ۲Ð ŀ as follows:

The wire which is coloured Green & Yellow must be connected to the Earth terminal marked with either the letter E, the earth symbol 🔄 or coloured Green/Green & Yellow.

The wire which is coloured Blue must be connected to the terminal which is marked with the letter N or coloured Blue or Black.

The wire which is coloured Brown must be connected to the terminal marked with the letter L or P or coloured Brown or Red.

If in doubt, consult the instructions provided with the equipment or contact the supplier.

This cable/appliance should be protected by a suitably rated and approved HBC mains fuse: refer to the rating information on the equipment and/or user instructions for details. As a guide, a cable of 0.75mm<sup>2</sup> should be protected by a 3A or 5A fuse. Larger conductors would normally require 13A types, depending on the connection method used.

Any exposed wiring from a cable, plug or connection that is engaged in a live socket is extremely hazardous. If a cable or plug is deemed hazardous, turn off the mains power and remove the cable, any fuses and fuse assemblies. All hazardous wiring must be immediately destroyed and replaced in accordance to the above standard.

# **G**ETTING STARTED

This chapter describes the power source in a nutshell, including its main features and front / rear panel introduction.



PSB-1000 Series Overview	
Series lineup	
Main Features	
Accessories	
Appearance	
Front Panel	
Rear Panel (PSB-1800L/M)	
Rear Panel (PSB-1400L/M)	
Status Bar Icons	
Menu Reference	
Theory of Operation	
Operating Area Description	
CC and CV Mode	
Slew Rate	
Bleeder Control	
Internal Resistance	

Alarms	
Considerations	
Grounding	

## PSB-1000 Series Overview

#### Series lineup

The PSB-1000 Series consists of 4 models: PSB-1400L, PSB-1400M, PSB-1800L, and PSB-1800M. Note that throughout the user manual, the term "PSB-1000" refers to all the models in the PSB-1000 Series lineup, unless stated otherwise.

Model name	Output Voltage	Output Current	Output Power
PSB-1400L	40	40	400
PSB-1400M	160	10	400
PSB-1800L	40	80	800
PSB-1800M	160	20	800

#### Main Features

Performance	<ul><li>Maximum output voltage of 160V</li><li>Maximum output current of 80A</li></ul>		
Features	<ul> <li>OVP, OCP and OTP protection</li> <li>Low AC input protection</li> <li>Sequence function</li> <li>Large 3.5 inch LCD panel</li> <li>100V - 240V power inlet</li> <li>Multi-range output power</li> <li>Bleeder circuit ON/OFF setting</li> <li>CV CC priority start function</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Internal resistance setting function</li> <li>Parallel master/slave operation with active current sharing</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Remote sensing to compensate for voltage drop in load leads</li> </ul>		
	Analog output programming and monitoring		
Interface	<ul> <li>Ethernet port</li> <li>USB host</li> <li>USB CDC</li> <li>GPIB (optional)</li> </ul>		

• External Control I/O

#### Accessories

Standard Accessories	Part number	Description
	CD ROM	User manual, programming manual Power cord
	PSW-009	Output terminal cover
	GTL-240	Type A - B USB Cable
	PSB-106	Basic Accessory Kit:
		M4 terminal screws and washers x2, M8 terminal bolts, nuts and washers x2, Analog control protection dummy x1, analog control lock level x2, short bar x1.
Optional Accessories	Part number	Description
	PSW-001	Analog remote control connector kit:
		Socket x 1pc Pins x 10pcs Protection cover x 1 set Chassis connection wire x 1
	PSW-002	Simple IDC tool
	PSW-003	Contact removal tool

	PSB-101	Cable for 2 units of PSB- 1000 units in parallel mode connection
	PSB-102	Cable for 3 units of PSB- 1000 units in parallel mode connection
	PSB-103	Cable for 4 units of PSB- 1000 units in parallel mode connection
	PSB-104	Cable for 2 units of PSB- 1000 units in series mode connection
	PSB-105	GPIB card
	GRA-418-J	Rack-mount adapter(JIS)
	GRA-418-E	Rack-mount adapter(EIA)
	GTL-123	Test leads: 1x red, 1x black
Download	Name	Description
	gw_psb1k.inf	USB driver

### Appearance

Front Panel



	0 - 160V , 10A	Ground terminal
		Negative terminal
	- s	Negative sense terminal
USB A Port	•	The USB port is used for data transfer, loading test scripts etc.
LCD Screen		Displays the voltage/current settings, measurement readings and menu systems.
Function Keys	F1 F	2 F3 F4 F5
		Assigned to the soft-keys displayed on the bottom of the screen.
Main Key	Local	Returns operation to the main operation screen.
Local Key		Pressing the Main/Local key will also return the unit to local mode from remote control mode.
FUNC Key	FUNC	Enters the Function menu. The function menu contains Power On Configuration settings, Memory settings, Voltage trigger settings and the Sequence menu.
Utility Key	Utility	Enters the Utility menu. The utility menu contains a number of system settings.
File Key	File	Pressing the file key allows you to copy, rename and delete files.

# **GWINSTEK**

#### **GETTING STARTED**

Voltage	Voltage	Sets the constant voltage level.
Current	Current	Sets the constant current level.
OVP	OVP	Sets the over voltage protection level.
CLR PROT	(Long press)	Holding the OVP key will clear any tripped protection functions.
ОСР	OCP	Sets the over current protection level.
Scroll Wheel & Arrow Keys		Both the scroll wheel and arrow keys are used to navigate menu items, pages or for incrementing/decrementing parameter values.
Enter	Enter	Used to confirm settings and menu items.
Lock Key/ Unlock Key	Lock	Locks the front panel keys to prevent accidentally changing panel settings.
		Note: The output can still be turned off when the key lock in active.
Unlock Key	(Long press)	Disables the key lock.
Output Key	Output	Turns the output on or off.
Clear Key	Clear	Clears entries that are made in the number entry dialogs.
Number Pad		Used to enter values.



Rear Panel (PSB-1400L/M)



Line Voltage Input		Voltage Line fre MAX)	Input: 100 - 240 VAC quency: 47 - 63Hz (1100VA
Rear panel terminals			+ 
	The rear pane negative outp terminals and	l termina ut termir the grou	ls contain the positive and als, the voltage sense nd terminal.
J1 Connector			The J1 Connector is used for external voltage, current control or for parallel/series control.
TRIG IN		Used to external	receive a signal from an l device.
		Apply e positive input pi	either a negative-going or a ge-going pulse to the trigger in.
TRIG OUT		Used to device.	send a signal to an external
		The pol can also	arity of the trigger output be configured.
VOLT TRIG		Outputs Voltage Function	s a signal according to the Trigger settings in the n menu.
		The pola can also	arity of the voltage trigger be configured.
LAN		The Eth control a a PC.	ernet port is used for remote and digital monitoring from

# **GWINSTEK**

USB-B

FAN



The USB-B port is used for remote control.

GPIB Option Optional GPIB communication card (PSB-105).

Temperature controlled fan.

#### Status Bar Icons

Status bar	
(cv)	<b>₽ 6^4</b> 0
Set         168.0 v         1           21.00 A         Protect         176.0 v           176.0 v         22.00 A         Utput           OCP Ctrl         OCP Dly         Output           DEF         Delay         Output	67.9 v 0.00 A 0.00 w
<ul><li>OFF Indicates if the output is OFF.</li><li>CV Indicates that the output is in CV mode.</li></ul>	<ul> <li>OVP An alarm icon will appear on the status bar when one of the protection functions</li> <li>OTP is tripped.</li> </ul>
<b>CC</b> Indicates that the output is in CC mode.	<b>RS</b> (Remote sense fail) Indicates a problem with the remote sense connection.
<b>ON</b> Indicates that the output is operating at 105% of rated power (constant power mode).	<b>PF</b> (Power fail) Indicates that the external shutdown pin was tripped.
<b>RMT</b> Indicates that the unit is in remote mode.	ALM Indicates that the instrument has hardware errors.

<b>1</b> 9	Speaker enabled.	i)u	Indicates that the GPIB option is installed and enabled.
*	Speaker disabled.	X	Indicates that the GPIB option is installed and disabled.
ß	Indicates that the panel lock is active.	÷	Indicates that the instrument is connected with a PC.
ſ	Indicates that the panel keys are unlocked.	<u>o</u> ¤	Indicates that a USB flash drive is inserted in the front panel USB port.
<b>**</b> *	Indicates that a USB flash drive is inserted in the front panel USB port, but there is an access error. Please re-insert.	<u></u>	Indicates that the instrument is connected to a LAN.
<b>\$</b> 6	Indicates that the instrument is connected to a LAN, however, there are configuration errors. Please re- configure the LAN settings.		Indicates that the PSB-1000 is in LAN remote mode.
	Indicates that the PSB- 1000 is in LAN remote mode, but there are connection errors. Please re-configure the LAN settings.		

#### Menu Reference

5

Level 1st	2nd	3rd	4 <sup>th</sup>	_Function/Operation Description
Main	OCP Ctrl			Enables/Disables OCP
	OCP Dly			Sets OCP delay time
	Output Delay	On Delay		Sets the Output On delay time
		Off Delay		Sets the Output Off delay time.
	I/V Control	CVHS		Sets the CV slew rate to the maximum (High Speed)
		сснѕ		Sets the CC slew rate to the maximum (High Speed)
		CVLS		Sets the CV slew rate
		CCLS		Sets the CC slew rate
		Exit		Exits the I/V control menu.
	more 1 of 2	INT-R		Sets the internal resistance.
		Bleeder		Turns the bleeder resistor on or off (of auto).
		Average		Sets the average level for the smoothing function (Low, Middle, High)
		More 2 of 2		Returns to the previous page.

FUNC \	View	Modify	CV Control	Sets CV control mode
	Power On Config		CC Control	Sets CC control mode
Comg.		PON Run	Sets the Power On output settings (Turns the output on or executes a sequence at start up)	
			Track	Sets the tracking mode for multiple units
			Ext-Out	Sets the Ext-Out line active state
			Breaker	Sets the breaker resistor
			Sense	Sets/disables local sense
		Exit		Exits from the View Power On Config. settings
	View	M1		Shows the M1 settings
	Memory	M2		Shows the M2 settings
		M3		Shows the M3 settings
		Exit		Exits the View Memory menu.
Voltage Trigger	Voltage Trigger	Vtrig Control		Enable/Disable voltage trigger control
		Vt1		Sets the leading edge Vtrig level
		Vt2		Sets the trailing edge Vtrig level
		Polarity		Sets the Vtrig polarity as positive or negative

FUNC (cont.)	TRIG IN	POS		Positive edge
		NEG		Negative edge
		Exit		Exits from the FUNC menu.
	TRIG OUT	POS		Positive edge
		NEG		Negative edge
		Exit		Exits from the FUNC menu.
	Sequence	Load		Loads the selected sequence
		Exit		Exits the sequence menu
		more 1 of 2	Copy to USB	Copies the selected sequence to USB.
			Copy to SEQX	Copies the selected sequence to another sequence
			Move to SEQX	Move the selected sequence to another sequence
			Clear	Clears the selected sequence from the memory
			more 2 of 2	Returns to the previous menu level

Utility	System Inf	ormation		Shows the serial number and software version
	Interface	LAN	MAC Address	Sets the MAC address
			Host Name	Sets the host name
			LAN Control	Enables/disables LAN
			DHCP	Enables/disables DHCP
		Rear USB		Enables/disables USB interface
		GPIB		Enables/disables GPIB interface
	Error Log LAN Log		Lists LAN errors	
		USB Log		Lists USB errors
		GPIB Log		List GPIB errors
		Clear		Clears the error logs
		Exit		Exits to the previous menu
	Speaker			Enables/disables the speaker
	Lock	Mode0		Mode0 disables all panel keys except the ability to turn the load off.
		Mode1		Mode1 disables all panel keys except the ability to turn the load on or off.

Utility (cont.)	ty Color Brightness it.)	Brightness	Sets the brightness level
		Contrast	Sets the contrast level
		Default	Default brightness/contrast settings
		Exit	Exits to the previous menu
	Factory Setting	Restore	Restore the factory settings
		Exit	Exits to the previous menu
	Calibra- tion		Not applicable to end- users.
File Copy to USB Copy to Mx Save Recall View Memory Copy to memory Delete Rename	Copy to USB		Copy the selected file to USB
		Copy the selected file to memory location M0~9.	
	Save		Saves the current settings to the selected memory setting.
	Recall		Recalls the selected memory setting.
	View Memory		Goes to the View Memory menu.
	Copy to memory		Copies the selected file on the USB drive to memory.
	Delete		Deletes the selected file on the USB drive.
	Rename		Renames the selected file on the USB drive.

Voltage	Sets the voltage output settings
Current	Sets the current output settings
OVP	Sets the OVP settings
ОСР	Sets the OCP settings

# Theory of Operation

The theory of operation section describes the basic principles of operation, protection modes and important considerations that must be taken into account before use.

#### **Operating Area Description**

Background The PSB-1000 power supplies are regulated DC power supplies with a high voltage and current output. These operate in CC or CV mode within a wide operating range limited only by the voltage, current or power output.

The operating area of each power supply is determined by the rated output power as well as the voltage and current rating.

Below is a comparison of the operating areas of each power supply.



#### PSB-1000 Series Output Operating Area

#### CC and CV Mode

#### CC and CV mode Description

When the power supply is operating in constant current mode (CC) a constant current will be supplied to the load. When in constant current mode the voltage output can vary, whilst the current remains constant. When the load resistance increases to the point where the set current limit ( $I_{SET}$ ) can no longer be sustained the power supply switches to CV mode. The point where the power supply switches modes is the crossover point.

When the power supply is operating in CV mode, a constant voltage will be supplied to the load, whilst the current will vary as the load varies. At the point that the load resistance is too low to maintain a constant voltage, the power supply will switch to CC mode and maintain the set current limit.

The conditions that determine whether the power supply operates in CC or CV mode depends on the set current ( $I_{SET}$ ), the set voltage ( $V_{SET}$ ), the load resistance ( $R_L$ ) and the critical resistance ( $R_C$ ). The critical resistance is determined by  $V_{SET}/I_{SET}$ . The power supply will operate in CV mode when the load resistance is greater than the critical resistance. This means that the voltage output will be equal to the  $V_{SET}$  voltage but the current will be less than  $I_{SET}$ . If the load resistance is reduced to the point that the current output reaches the  $I_{SET}$  level, the power supply switches to CC mode.

Conversely the power supply will operate in CC mode when the load resistance is less than the critical resistance. In CC mode the current output is equal to I<sub>SET</sub> and the voltage output is less than V<sub>SET</sub>.





GÜINSTEK

For loads that generate a transient surge voltage, VSET must be set so that the surge voltage does not reach the voltage limit.

For loads in which transient peak current flows, ISET must be set so that the peak value does not reach the current limit.

#### Slew Rate

#### Theory

The PSB-1000 has selectable slew rates for CC and CV mode(see page 81 for slew rate control). This gives the PSB-1000 power supply the ability to limit the current/voltage draw of the power supply. Slew rate settings are divided into High Speed and Low Speed. High Speed mode will use the fastest slew rate for the instrument. Low Speed mode allows for user-adjustable slew rates for CC or CV mode. The rising and falling slew rate can be set independently.



#### **Bleeder Control**

#### Background

The PSB-1000 DC power supplies employ a bleed resistor in parallel with the output terminals.



Bleed resistors are designed to dissipate the power from the power supply filter capacitors when power is turned off and the load is

	disconnected. Wit may remain charg some time and be	hout a bleed resistor, power ged on the filter capacitors for potentially hazardous.
	In addition, bleed smoother voltage supply as the blee voltage load.	resistors also allow for regulation of the power ed resistor acts as a minimum
	The bleed resistar from the Main set details.	nce can be turned on or off ting screen. See page 84 for
Note	By default the bleed charging applicatio resistance off as th the connected batte	d resistance is on. For battery ns, be sure to turn the bleed e bleed resistor can discharge ery when the unit is off.
Internal Resistar	ice	
Background	On the PSB-1000 t power supply can (see page 83). Who set it can be seen a the positive outpu power supply to s have internal resis batteries.	the internal resistance of the a be user-defined in software en the internal resistance is as a resistance in series with at terminal. This allows the simulate power sources that stances such as lead acid
	By default the inte	ernal resistance is $0\Omega$ .
Internal	Unit Model	Internal Resistance Range
Resistance Range	PSB-1400L PSB-1400M PSB-1800L PSB-1800M	0.000~1.000Ω 0.00~16.00Ω 0.000~0.500Ω 0.000~8.000Ω

#### Alarms

The PSB-1000 power supplies have a number of protection features. When one of the protection alarms are tripped, an alarm message will appear on the display the corresponding alarm icon (OCP, OVP etc) will appear in the status bar. When an alarm has been tripped the output will be automatically turned off or the power supply will turn off, depending on the type of alarm and on the Breaker Control settings (page 95). For details on how to clear an alarm or to set the protection modes, please see pages 72, 69 & 71.

OVP	Over voltage protection (OVP) prevents a high voltage from damaging the load. This alarm can be set by the user.
ОСР	Over current protection prevents high current from damaging the load. This alarm can be set by the user.
ОТР	Over temperature protection is a hardware protection function.
AC-FAIL	AC Fail. This alarm function is activated when a low AC input is detected. This protection function will turn the output off.
Power Limit	This alarm is tripped when over the power limit. This protection function will limit the power to 105% of the rated power.
Shutdown	Force Shutdown is not activated as a result of the PSB-1000 series detecting an error. It is a function that is used to turn the output off through the application of a signal from the rear-panel analog programming connector when an abnormal condition occurs. See page 163 for details on alarm monitoring using the analog programming connector.

Alarm output	Alarms are output via the analog				
	programming connector. The alarm output is				
	an isolated open-collector photo coupler				
	output. See page 163 for details on alarm				
	monitoring using the analog programming				
	connector.				

#### Considerations

The following situations should be taken into consideration when using the power supply.

Inrush current	When the power supply switch is first turned on, an inrush current is generated. Ensure there is enough power available for the power supply when first turned on, especially if a number of units are turned on at the same time.										
Pulsed or Peaked loads	When the load has current peaks or is pulsed, it is possible for the maximum current to exceed the mean current value. The PSB-1000 power supply ammeter only indicates mean current values, which means for pulsed current loads, the actual current can exceed the indicated value. For pulsed loads, the current limit must be increased, or a power supply with a greater capacity must be chosen. As shown below, a pulsed load may exceed the current limit and the indicated current on the power supply ammeter.										
	Current limit level Measured Ammeter current										
Reverse Current: Regenerative load When the power supply is connected to a regenerative load such as a transformer or inverter, reverse current will feed back to the power supply. The PSB-1000 power supply cannot absorb reverse current. For loads that create reverse current, connect a resistor in parallel to the power supply to bypass the reverse current. This description only applies when the bleed resistance is off.



The current output will decrease by the amount of Note current absorbed by the resistor. Ensure the resistor used can withstand the power capacity of the power supply/load. **Reverse Current:** When the power supply is connected to a load Accumulative such as a battery, reverse current may flow back to the power supply if the bleed resistance energy. is on. To prevent damage to the power supply under this condition, use a reverse-currentprotection diode in series between the power supply and load. If the bleed resistor is turned off or set to auto, there is no need to add a diode.



# 

Ensure the reverse withstand voltage of the diode is able to withstand 2 times the rated output voltage of the power supply and the forward current capacity can withstand 3 to 10 times the rated output current of the power supply.

Ensure the diode is able to withstand the heat generated in the following scenarios.

When the diode is used to limit reverse voltage, remote sensing cannot be used.

#### Grounding

The output terminals of the PSB-1000 power supplies are isolated with respect to the protective grounding terminal. The insulation capacity of the load, the load cables and other connected devices must be taken into consideration when connected to the protective ground or when floating.

#### Floating

As the output terminals are floating, the load and all load cables must have an insulation capacity that is greater than the isolation voltage of the power supply.



the power supply, electric shock may occur.

Grounded output If the positive or negative terminal is connected terminal If the protective ground terminal, the insulation capacity needed for the load and load cables is greatly reduced. The insulation capacity only needs to be greater than the maximum output voltage of the power supply with respect to ground.





If using external voltage control, do not ground the external voltage terminal as this will create a short circuit.

# OPERATION

Set Up	43
Power Up	
Wire Gauge Considerations	
Output Terminals	
Remote Sense	
Using the Output Terminal Cover Rear Panel	
Installing Hardware Options	
Using the Rack Mount Kit	
How to Use the Instrument	53
Reset to Factory Settings	
System Information	
Speaker Sound	
LCD Configuration	61
USB Driver Installation	
Basic Operation	65
Setting the Output Voltage Level	65
Setting the Output Current Level	67
Setting the OVP Level	69
Setting the OCP Level	71
Alarm Clear	72
Panel Lock	74
Turning the Output On	76
Advanced Settings	
Enable OCP Control	
OCP Delay	
Output Delay	79
Slew Rate Control	
Internal Resistance	
Bleeder Resistor Settings	
Average Settings	
0 0	

Power On Configuration	86
CV Control Settings	
CC Control Settings	
Power on Run Settings	91
Tracking Control	93
External Control of Output (Ext-Out)	94
Breaker Control.	95
Sense Control	
Parallel/Series Operation	
Master-Slave Parallel Overview	
Parallel Connection	
Parallel Operation	
Master-Slave Series Overview	
Series Connection	112
Series Operation	115
File Operations	
View Internal Memory Settings	118
Save/Recall Internal Memory Settings	119
Copy Internal Memory File	
Copy USB File to Internal Memory	
Delete Files on USB Flash Drive	
Rename Files on the USB Flash Drive	
Sequence Function	
Sequence File Format	
Copy Sequence from a USB Flash Disk to Internal Memory	
Load and Run a Sequence from a USB Flash Disk	
Copy, Move, Clear Sequences in Internal Memory	
Load and Run Sequence from Internal Memory	135
Trigger Input & Output	
TRIG IN BNC	
TRIG OUT BNC	
Voltage Trigger	141

# Set Up

#### Power Up

Steps

1. Connect the power cord to the rear panel socket.



2. Press the POWER key. The splash screen will appear momentarily before the continuous mode screen appears with the settings loaded.





The power supply takes around 10 seconds to fully turn on and around half that time to shutdown.

Do not turn the power on and off quickly.

#### Wire Gauge Considerations

Background	Before connecting the output terminals to a load, the wire gauge of the cables should be considered.			
	It is essential that the current capacity of the load cables is adequate. The rating of the cables must equal or exceed the maximum current rated output of the instrument.			
Recommended wire gauge	Wire Gauge	Nominal Cross Section	Maximum Current	
	20	0.5	9	
	18	0.75	11	
	18	1	13	
	16	1.5	18	
	14	2.5	24	
	12	4	34	
	10	6	45	
	8	10	64	
	6	16	88	
	4	25	120	
	2	32	145	
	1	50	190	
	0	70	240	
	0	95	290	
	0	120	340	
	The maximum	i temperature rise	can only be 60	

degrees above the ambient temperature. The ambient temperature must be less than 30 deg.

#### **Output Terminals**

Background	Before connecting the output terminals to the load, first consider whether voltage sense will be used, the gauge of the cable wiring and the withstand voltage of the cables and load.
	The output terminals can be connected to load cables using M4 sized screws or M8 sized bolts.
WARNING	Dangerous voltages. Ensure that the power to the instrument is disabled before handling the power supply output terminals. Failing to do so may lead to electric shock.
Steps	1. Turn the power switch off.

- 2. Remove the output terminal cover.  $\rightarrow$  Page 49
- 3. If necessary, connect the ground terminal to either the positive or negative terminal. (See page 39 for grounding considerations)

For the front panel use the shorting bar that is attached to the ground terminal.



For the rear panel use a ground cable.



- 4. Choose a suitable wire gauge for  $\rightarrow$  Page 44 the load cables.
- 5. Choose a suitable crimp for the terminals.
- 6. Connect the positive load cable to the positive output terminal and the negative cable to the negative output terminal.
- 7. Configure the unit to local or → Page 47 voltage sense and connect sense cables if using remote sense.
- 8. Reattach the output terminal  $\rightarrow$  Page 49 cover.



Rear panel connection with voltage sense wiring





The front panel terminals are limited to the following output currents:

PSB-1400L: 30A PSB-1400M: 10A PSB-1800L: 30A PSB-1800M: 20A

#### Remote Sense

Remote sense is used to compensate for the voltage drop seen across load cables due to the resistance inherent in the load cables. The remote sense terminals are connected to the load terminals to determine the voltage drop across the load cables.

Remote sense can compensate up to 0.6 volts. Load cables should be chosen with a voltage drop less than the compensation voltage.

Remote sense can also be used when the multiple power supplies are operated in parallel and series. See page 104 and 114 respectively for details.

WARNING	Ensure the output is off before connecting any sense cables. Use sense cables with a voltage rating exceeding the isolation voltage of the power supply. Never connect sensing cables when the output is on. Electric shock or damage to the power supply could result.
---------	--

Single Load 1. Connect the Sense+ terminal to the positive potential of the load. Connect the Sense-terminal to the negative potential of the load.



- When using voltage sense, disable → Page 96 the local sense in the Power ON Configuration menu.
- Operate the instrument as normal. → Page 65 See the Basic Operation chapter for details.

#### Using the Output Terminal Cover Rear Panel

WARNING Dangerous voltages. Ensure that the power to the instrument is disabled before handling the power supply output terminals. Failing to do so may lead to electric shock.

# Steps1. Remove the screw holding the top cover to the<br/>bottom cover.

- 2. Line-up the bottom cover with the notches in the output terminals.
- 3. Place the top terminal cover over the bottom cover.



- 4. Use your thumb to slide the terminal covers shut, as shown in the diagram below.
- 5. When the top and bottom covers are flush, reinsert the screw that was removed in step 1.



Removal	Reverse the procedure to remove the terminal
	covers.

### Installing Hardware Options

Background	An optional GPIB interface can be installed into the option slot located on the rear panel.	
Options	PSB-105 GPIB Interface card	
	Ensure the power is off before installing any of th optional modules. Failing to do so may damage the unit.	1e
Installation	1. Turn off the power switch.	
	2 Unscrew the two screws holding the options	

2. Unscrew the two screws holding the options panel plate.



- 3. Slide the module PCB onto the rails on the inside of the module slot.
- 4. Secure the module with the screws that were removed from step 2.



5. The module will be recognized upon startup.

#### Using the Rack Mount Kit

Background

The PSB-1000 series has an optional Rack Mount Kit (GW Instek part number: GRA-418-J(JIS) or GRA-418-E(EIA). The GRA-418 has a 3U rack height(EIA). Please see your distributor for further rack mount details.

Rack mount illustration



EIA shown.

Menu Keys

#### How to Use the Instrument

Background The PSB-1000 power supplies generally use the scroll wheel, arrow keys, Enter keys and softmenu function keys to edit numerical values or to select menu options.

The following section will explain some of these concepts in detail.

Soft menu keys
 1. The F1 ~ F5 function keys at the bottom of the display correspond directly to soft-menu keys above. The soft-menu keys have a number of different functions, depending on the use-case. They can be used as quick-action keys, option keys or as submenus.





Selecting Menu Items	2.	Turn the scroll wheel to select parameters in menus and lists. The selected parameter will be highlighted in orange. The scroll wheel is also used to increment/decrement setting values.
	3.	Press the Enter key to edit the parameter or to enter the selected menu.
Example		Selected menu item
Navigating Menus one page at a time		For menus with more than 1 page of items, pressing the directional keys will allow you to jump to the next menu page.
Using the Keypad to edit parameter values		When editing a value the keypad can be used to directly enter the desired value.

Enter

4. Type the value of the parameter using the keypad.

3.5 v



Parameter

◄

5. Press the Enter key to confirm the edit.

Voltage 3.5V

3.5

#### Example

Using the Arrow Keys and Scroll wheel to edit parameter values For some values, the scroll wheel and arrow keys can be used.

₽₽

- 1. Use the arrow keys to move to the digit of the desired power (shown in blue).
- 2. Turn the scroll wheel to edit the value by the resolution of the selected digit.





- 3. Repeat the steps above for all the relevant digits.
- 4. Press the Enter key to confirm the edit.



Using the onscreen keyboard The onscreen keyboard is used for creating filenames, renaming files, and so on. The screenshot below is an example of the onscreen keyboard.

Entered characters



On-screen keyboard

- 1. Use the scroll wheel to move the cursor to the desired character on the keyboard.
- 2. Press *Enter character* [F2] or the right arrow key to enter the desired character into the text entry area.
- 3. Use the  $A \leftrightarrow a \ 1 \leftrightarrow !$  [F1] key to toggle the keyboard to lower case characters and other non-alphanumeric characters.







◄

Enter

- 4. Use the left arrow key to delete the character to the left of the cursor.
- 5. Press Enter to finish using the keyboard.

#### Reset to Factory Settings

Background	The factory default settings can be restored from the Utility menu. See page 188 for the list of factory settings.		
Steps	1. Press the <i>Utility</i> key. The Utility menu will appear on the display.		
	2. Use the scroll wheel to go to <i>Factory Setting</i> and press <i>Enter</i> .		
	3. Press <i>Restore</i> [ <i>F</i> 4] to restore the factory settings.		
	4. Press OK[4] to confirm.		
	Factory Setting CV Control : Local CC Control : Local Breaker : Enable Ext-Out : High PON Run : None Track : Local Sense : Disable Speaker : Enable Lock Ctrl : OFF Lock Ctrl : OFF Restore		



The factory settings can be viewed by using the scroll wheel or the arrow keys.

# System Information

Background		The Utility>System Information setting displays the serial number and software version number.
Steps	1.	Press the <i>Utility</i> key. The Utility menu will appear on the display.
	2.	Use the scroll wheel to go to <i>System Information</i> and press <i>Enter</i> .
	3.	The system information should now be listed on the display.
Example		System Information  System Information Serial Number : 0000 SW Version : 1.03.20150719  Ext

## Speaker Sound

Background		The Utility>Speaker setting enables or disables sounds for both key-presses and alarms. By default sound is disabled.		
Steps	1.	Press the <i>Utility</i> key. The Utility menu will appear on the display.		
	2.	Use the scroll wheel to go to Speaker.		
	3.	Press <i>Disable</i> [F1] to turn the speaker sound off.		
		The ᄣ icon will appear in the icon bar.		
	4.	Press <i>Enable</i> [F2] to turn the speaker sound on.		
		The 🎑 icon will appear in the icon bar.		
		Utility       Interface >>>         System Information >>>       Interface >>>         Interface >>>       Error Log >>>         Speaker : Disable       Disable         Lock : Mode 0       Ext		



#### LCD Configuration

Background		The Color setting in the Utility menu sets the brightness and contrast level of the LCD display.		
Steps	1.	Press the <i>Utility</i> key. The Utility settings will appear on the display.		ay.
	2.	Use the scroll wheel to go to <i>Color</i> and press <i>Enter</i> .		
3		Set the bright	ness and contrast.	
		Use the arrow Contrast or B	v keys to select rightness.	
		Use the scroll level.	wheel to set the	$\overline{\mathbb{O}}$
		Contrast	1 ~ 100 (Default=	=20)
		Brightness	1 ~ 100 (Default=	=50)

Default Settings 4. Press *Default*[F1] to set all the LCD settings to the default levels.



Default settings

#### **USB** Driver Installation

Background	If the USB Type B interface is to be used for remote control, the USB driver needs to be installed.
Note	The USB driver, GW_PSB1k, is located on the CD Rom that accompanied this user manual. Alternatively the driver can be downloaded from the GW Instek website.
	For information on the USB interface, see page 167.
Steps	1. Connect the rear panel USB-B port on the PSB- 1000 to the PC using a USB Type A to B cable.
	2. Go the Windows Device Manager.
	For Windows 7: Start > Control Panel > Hardware and Sound > Device Manager
	3. The PSB-1000 will be located under <i>Other Devices</i> in the hardware tree. Right-click <i>PSB-1XXX</i> and choose <i>Update Driver Software</i> .
	<ul> <li>Monitors</li> <li>Network adapters</li> <li>Other devices</li> <li>PSB</li> <li>Portable</li> <li>Ports (C</li> <li>Process</li> </ul>

4. From the hardware wizard choose *Browse my computer driver software*.



5. Set the file path to the location of the USB driver, click Next and finish the driver installation.



6. The PSB-1000 will now be located in the *Ports* node of the hardware tree in the Windows Device Manager if the driver installation was successful.



# **Basic Operation**

This section describes the basic operations required to operate the power supply.

- Setting the Output Voltage Level  $\rightarrow$  from page 65
- Setting the Current Level  $\rightarrow$  from page 67
- Setting the OVP Level  $\rightarrow$  from page 69
- Setting the OCP Level  $\rightarrow$  from page 71
- Clearing the Protection Alarms  $\rightarrow$  from page 72.
- Panel Lock  $\rightarrow$  from page 74.
- Turning the Output  $On \rightarrow from page 76$ .

Before operating the power supply, please see the Getting Started chapter, page 9.

Background		The voltag power sup	ge setting sets the voltage level of the oply.
Steps	1.	Press the Voltage key. The V Set voltage parameter will be editable.	
	2.	Set the voltage with the scroll wheel/keypad or with the F1 ~ F5 soft-keys.	
		Range	0 volts ~ 105% full range
		Soft-keys	1 of 2: DEF1, DEF2, DEF3
			2 of 2: Step ∕, Step ∕, MAX, MIN
	3.	Press Ente	r to confirm the voltage setting.

#### Setting the Output Voltage Level

Save Preset Settings		The DEF1, DEF2 & DEF3 preset settings are user defined settings. By default they are set to 0 volts.		
		The Step $\nearrow$ & Step $\searrow$ preset settings increase or decrease the voltage setting by the set amount.		
	4.	Press the Voltage key. The V Set voltage parameter will be editable.		
	5.	. Set the voltage with the keypad. Do not use the scroll wheel.		
		Range0 volts ~ 105% full range		
6.	6.	Press F1 ~ F5 to save the corresponding soft- key to the voltage value set above.		
		Soft-keys 1 of 2: DEF1, DEF2, DEF3		
		2 of 2: Step ∕, Step ∖		
	7.	Press <i>F4 Exit</i> or <i>Enter</i> to confirm and exit the preset setting.		
Note Note		Trying to set the voltage outside of the voltage range will result in an Over Range error message being displayed on the screen.		

The voltage level can be set when the output is on.

#### Example

#### Voltage setting



#### Setting the Output Current Level

Background		The current setting sets the current level of the power supply.	
Steps	1.	Press the Current key. The A Set Current parameter will be editable.	
	2.	Set the current with the scroll wheel/keypad or with the F1 $\sim$ F5 soft-keys.	
		Range	0 amps ~ 105% full range
		Soft-keys	1 of 2: DEF1, DEF2, DEF3
			2 of 2: Step ↗, Step ↘, MAX, MIN
	3.	Press Enter	r to confirm the current setting.
Save Preset Settings		The DEF1, DEF2 & DEF3 preset settings are user defined settings. By default they are set to 0 amps.	
		The Step / decrease th	' & Step $\searrow$ preset settings increase or ne current setting by the set amount.

4. Press the Current key. The V Set Current parameter will be editable. 5. Set the current with the keypad. Do not use the scroll wheel. 0 amps ~ 105% full range Range 6. Press F1 ~ F5 to save the corresponding softkey to the current value set above. Soft-keys 1 of 2: DEF1, DEF2, DEF3 2 of 2: Step ∕, Step ∖ 7. Press F4 Exit or Enter to exit and confirm the preset setting. Trying to set the current outside of the current Note range will result in an Over Range error message being displayed on the screen.

The current level can be set when the output is on.

Example

Current setting



## Setting the OVP Level

Background		The over v unit from crosses the automatic	voltage protection (OVP) protects the overvoltage. When the voltage level e OVP threshold, the output is ally turned off.
Steps	1.	Press the G parameter	DVP key. The V Protect   CLR PROT.     will be editable.   OVP
	2.	Set the OVP threshold level with the scroll wheel/keypad or with the F1 ~ F5 soft-keys.	
		Range	4 ~ 44V (1400L) 5 ~ 176V (1400M) 4 ~ 44V (1800L) 5 ~ 176V (1800M)
		Soft-keys	DEF1, DEF2, DEF3, MAX, MIN
	3.	Press Ente	<i>r</i> to confirm the OVP setting.
Save Preset Settings		The DEF1, user defin lowest set	, DEF2 & DEF3 preset settings are ed settings. By default they are set to table level.
	4.	Press the Oparameter	OVP key. The V Protect     CLR PROT.       will be editable.     OVP
	5.	Set the OV Do not use	'P threshold level with the keypad. e the scroll wheel.
		Range	$4 \sim 44V$ (1400L) $5 \sim 176V$ (1400M) $4 \sim 44V$ (1800L) $5 \sim 176V$ (1800M)

6. Press F1 ~ F3 to save the corresponding softkey to the OVP threshold value set above.

Soft-keys DEF1, DEF2, DEF3

7. Press *F5 Exit* to confirm and exit the preset setting.

Image: NoteTrying to set the OVP threshold level outside of the<br/>OVP range will result in an Over Range error<br/>message being displayed on the screen.

The OVP threshold level can be set when the output is on.

#### Example

OVP setting



# Setting the OCP Level

Background		The over c unit from crosses the automatic	current protection (OCP) protects the overcurrent. When the current level e OCP threshold level, the output is ally turned off.
Steps	1.	Press the G parameter	DCP key. The A Protect OCP will be editable.
	2.	. Set the OCP level with the scroll wheel/ke or with the F1 ~ F5 soft-keys.	
		Range	4 ~ 44A (1400L) 1 ~ 11A (1400M) 5 ~ 88A (1800L) 2 ~ 22A (1800M)
		Soft-keys	DEF1, DEF2, DEF3, MAX, MIN
	3.	Press Ente	<i>r</i> to confirm the OCP setting.
Save Preset Settings		The DEF1, DEF2 & DEF3 preset settings are user defined settings. By default they are set to the lowest settable level.	
	4.	Press the Oparameter	DCP key. The A Protect OCP will be editable.
	5.	Set the OC Do not use	CP threshold level with the keypad. e the scroll wheel.
		Range	4 ~ 44A (1400L) 1 ~ 11A (1400M) 5 ~ 88A (1800L) 2 ~ 22A (1800M)

	6.	Press F1 ~ F3 to save the corresponding soft- key to the OCP threshold value set above.
		Soft-keys DEF1, DEF2, DEF3
	7.	Press <i>F5 Exit</i> to confirm and exit the preset setting.
Note Note		Trying to set the OCP threshold level outside of the OCP range will result in an Over Range error message being displayed on the screen.
		The OCP threshold level can be set when the output is on.
Example		OCP setting
		Set     3.5 v       9     0 v       9     0 v       1     0 cP       0     0 a       1     0 cP       0     0 a       0<
Alarm Clear		

Background	The CLR_PROT (Clear Protection) function will clear any protection alarms.
Applicable Alarms	OVP, OCP, OTP, AC-Fail, Power Limit
Note Note	Note that an alarm can only be cleared if the FUNC>View POC>Breaker setting is set to "Disable". See page 95 for details.
1. Press and hold the *OVP* key to CLR PROT. Steps OVP clear any alarms. Protection indicator Example OVP di i 5.0 v Alarm Over-voltage protection trip 5.<u>0</u> v 0 22.00 A I/V Contro Jut De ay

Alarm message

### Panel Lock

The panel lock feature prevents settings from being changed accidentally. When activated, all keys and knobs except the Lock/Unlock key and the Output key will be disabled.

The panel lock has two modes: Mode 0 and Mode 1. Mode 0 only allows the Output key to turn the load off when the panel lock is active. Mode 1 allows the Output key to turn the load on or off when the panel lock is active.

Activate the panel 1. lock	Press the Lock key to active the panel lock. The Lock key will turn green.	Lock
	The padlock icon at the top of the display will become "locked" when the panel keys are locked.	a
Disable the panel 2. lock	Hold the <i>Lock</i> key for ~3 seconds to disable the panel lock.	
	The Lock key light will turn off and the padlock icon will "open".	(hold)
Set the lock mode 3.	Press the <i>Utility</i> key. The Utility menu will appear on the display.	Utility
4.	Use the scroll wheel to go to <i>Lock</i> .	
5.	Press <i>Mode0[F1]</i> to set the panel lock to Mode0.	✓ Mode0
6.	Press <i>Mode1</i> [ <i>F2</i> ] to set the panel to lock to Mode1.	Mode1

#### Example

Message Lock icon



A message will show "Key lock!" if trying to use the front panel keys when the key lock is on. Turning the Output On

When the output is turned on, the DUT can be connected to either the rear panel output or the front panel output.

Warning	Both of these outputs are electrically linked. Only one DUT should be connected to any one of the outputs at a time. Using both outputs at the same time is not supported. Using the front and rear outputs at the same time could cause dangerous operating conditions. See page 44 for details about using the output terminals or sockets.		
Turn Output On	Press the <i>Output</i> key. The Output key will turn green and CC or CV will be displayed in the status bar to indicate that the output is on.	Output CV CC	
Turn Output Off	Press the <i>Output</i> key. The Output key light will go out and OFF will be displayed in the status bar to indicate that the output is off.	Output OF F	

# **Advanced Settings**

- Enable OCP Control  $\rightarrow$  from page 77
- OCP Delay  $\rightarrow$  from page 78
- Output Delay  $\rightarrow$  from page 79
- Slew Rate Control  $\rightarrow$  from page 81
- Internal Resistance  $\rightarrow$  from page 83
- Bleeder Resistor Settings  $\rightarrow$  from page 84
- Average Settings  $\rightarrow$  from page 85

### Enable OCP Control

Background	T e s	The over current protection can be nabled or disabled from the Ma creen.	be turned in menu
Steps	1. F	Press the Main key.	Main
	2. F	Press OCP Ctrl[F1] to enable or lisable OCP control.	OCP Ctrl Enable
Example		Set 5.0 V 21.00 A Protect 5.0 V Olsable 00 A 0.0 V 0.00 A 0.00 V 0.00 A 0.00 W CCP Ctrl OCP Div Output Control 1 of 2 OCP Control	



## Output Delay

Background		A delay time can be configured to delay turning the output on or to delay turning the output off.
		After a delay time is set, a timer on the display will count down the delay time each time the output is turned on or off, depending on the setting.
Output On Delay Example		Output enabled Output turned on On Delay time Time
Output Off Delay Example		Output turned off Output disabled Off Delay time Time
Steps	1.	Press the Main key.
	2.	Press Output Delay[F3].
	3.	Use the scroll wheel to select <i>On Delay</i> or <i>Off Delay</i> and press <i>Enter</i> .
	4.	Use the keypad to enter the delay time and press <i>Enter</i> .
		On Delay 0.00 ~ 100.00 seconds
		Off Delay 0.00 ~ 100.00 seconds

#### Example



### Slew Rate Control

Background		The I/ voltage	'V Control menu controls the e slew rate settings.	e current and
Parameter Settings		CVHS	CV high speed. Highest spe slew rate.	eed voltage
		CVLS	CV low speed. User defined slew rate.	d voltage
		сснѕ	CC high speed. Highest spe slew rate.	eed current
		CCLS	CC low speed. User defined slew rate.	d current
Steps	1.	Press t	he Main key.	Main
	2.	Press I	/V Control[F4].	I/V Control
	3.	Use th	e scroll wheel to highlight I/	V Mode.
	4.	Use th approp	e function keys to select the priate mode.	Ex.
		I/V Mc	ode CVHS, CCHS, CVLS, C	CLS
	5.	To set scroll w and th indicat CVLS	the CVLS or CCLS slew rate, wheel to go VSR⊅, VSR↘, ISF e press Enter. A solid blue ch tes which settings correspond or CCLS mode.	, use the ∛ or ISR∖ neckbox d to the
		TT (l.		1

Use the number pad to key in the slew rate or press Min[F1] or Max[F2].

VSR	$0.01 \sim (rating voltage \times 2)$
ISR	$0.01 \sim (rating current \times 2)$
Soft-keys	Min[F1], Max[F2]



82

#### Internal Resistance

Background		When the internal resistance is set, it is seen as a resistance in series with the positive terminal. This allows the power supply to simulate power sources that have internal resistances, such as lead acid batteries.			
		By defa	ult the internal	resistance is set to $0\Omega$ .	
Steps	1.	Press th	e Main key.	Main	
	2.	Press m INT-R[l	ore 1 of 2[F5] > F1].	more 1 of 2 > ΙΝΤ-R 0.000Ω	
	3.	Use the resistan	Use the number pad to key in the interesistance.		
		The new shown	v internal resist on the INT-R sc	ance setting will be oft-key.	
		INT-R	PSB-1400L	$0.000 \Omega \sim 1.000 \Omega$	
			PSB-1400M	$0.00\Omega \sim 16.00\Omega$	
			PSB-1800L	$0.000 \Omega \sim 0.500 \Omega$	
			PSB-1800M	$0.000\Omega \sim 8.000\Omega$	

#### Example



Internal resistance settings

## Bleeder Resistor Settings

Background	Th res	The PSB-1000 power supplies employ a bleed resistor in parallel with the output terminals.		
Bleeder Settings		Bleeder OFF, ON, Auto		
<u>∕</u> Note		By default the bleed resistance is on. For battery charging applications, be sure to turn the bleed resistance off as the bleed resistor can discharge the connected battery when the unit is off.		
Steps	1.	Press the Main key.		
	2.	Press more 1 of 2[F5] > more Bleeder[F2]. Bleeder Auto		
	3.	Press Bleeder[F2] repeatedly to cycle through the bleeder settings.		
		The new bleeder setting will be shown on the Bleeder soft-key.		
		Bleeder OFF, ON, Auto		
Example		Set         0.0 v           1.30 A         0.00 v           Protect         0.00 A           1(OF)         0.0 w           Auto         0.0 w           INT-R         Bleeder           Bleeder         Average           Low         2 of 2		

Bleeder settings

#### **Average Settings**

Background	The average settings are used to set the level of smoothing for the voltage and current readback measurements. A higher average setting reduces the measurement speed, a lower setting has a faster measurement speed.		
Average Settings	Average Low, Middle, High		
Steps	I. Press the Main key.		
	2. Press more 1 of 2[F5] > Average[F3].		
	3. Press Average[F3] repeatedly to cycle through the settings.		
	The new Average setting will be shown on the Average soft-key.		

Average Low, Middle, High

Example



# Power On Configuration

Power ON Configuration controls a number of advanced settings that can be activated at power up. At each startup a splash screen will be shown on the screen to inform you of the Power ON Configuration settings.



- CV Control Settings  $\rightarrow$  from page 87
- CC Control Settings  $\rightarrow$  from page 89
- Power on Run Settings  $\rightarrow$  from page 91
- Tracking Control  $\rightarrow$  from page 93
- External Control of Output (Ext-Out)  $\rightarrow$  from page 94
- Breaker Control  $\rightarrow$  from page 95
- Sense Control  $\rightarrow$  from page 96

### CV Control Settings

Parameter Settings	The CV Control setting sets the CV control mode to local or external voltage/resistance control.
	Local control allows you to use the front panel keys to control the constant voltage level.
	External Voltage control allows an external voltage of $0 \sim 10V$ to control the constant voltage level. The external voltage is applied to pins 3 & 16 on the rear panel Analog Programming connector on the rear panel. See page 147 for usage details.
	External Resistance control allows a resistance of $0\Omega$ to $10k\Omega(\text{Ext-R})$ or $10k\Omega$ to $0\Omega(\text{Ext-R})$ to control the constant voltage level. The external resistance is applied to the 5 & 6 pins of the rear panel Analog Programming connector. See page 150 for usage details.
Steps	1. Press the <i>FUNC</i> key.
	2. Use the scroll wheel to go to <i>Power on Config</i> and press <i>Enter</i> .
	3. Go to the <i>CV Control</i> setting using the scroll wheel and press <i>Modify</i> [ <i>F</i> 1].
	4. Use the F1 ~ F4 soft-keys to select the CV control mode.
	Mode Local, Ext-V, Ext-R≯, Ext-R↘

- 5. Press *Enter* to save the settings.
- 6. The next time the unit is turned on the new CV Control settings will be activated. This will be displayed on the screen at startup.



Modify CV Control mode

## CC Control Settings

Parameter Settings	Sets the constant current (CC) control mode between local and external voltage/resistance control.
	Local control allows you to use the front panel keys to control the constant current level.
	External Voltage control allows an external voltage of $0 \sim 10V$ to control the constant current level. The external voltage is applied to pins 4 & 16 on the rear panel Analog Programming connector on the rear panel. See page 147 for usage details.
	External Resistance control allows a resistance of $0\Omega$ to $10k\Omega(Ext-R\nearrow)$ or $10k\Omega$ to $0\Omega(Ext-R\searrow)$ to control the constant current level. The external resistance is applied to the 7 & 8 pins of the rear panel Analog Programming connector. See page 150 for usage details.
Steps	1. Press the <i>FUNC</i> key.
	2. Use the scroll wheel to go to <i>Power on Config</i> and press <i>Enter</i> .
	3. Go to the <i>CC Control</i> setting using the scroll wheel and press <i>Modify</i> [ <i>F</i> 1].
	4. Use the F1 ~ F4 soft-keys to select the CC control mode.
	Mode Local, Ext-V, Ext-R≯, Ext-R≯

- 5. Press *Enter* to save the settings.
- 6. The next time the unit is turned on the new CC Control settings will be activated. This will be displayed on the screen at startup.



Modify CC Control mode

### Power on Run Settings

Parameter Settings	The PON Run settings set the run state of the unit when the power is turned on. The unit can be configured to automatically turn the output on with the last used settings or it can be configured to run a pre-saved sequence program. By default the PON Run setting is disabled (set to None).
Steps	1. Press the FUNC key.   FUNC
	2. Use the scroll wheel to go to <i>Power on Config</i> and press <i>Enter</i> .
	3. Go to the <i>PON Run</i> setting using the scroll wheel and press <i>Modify</i> [ <i>F</i> 1].
	<ol> <li>Use the F1 ~ F3 soft-keys to select the PON Run setting.</li> </ol>
	PON Run None, Output ON, SEQ0~SEQ9
	5. Press <i>Enter</i> to save the settings.
	<ol> <li>The next time the unit is turned on the new PON Run settings will be activated. This will be displayed on the screen at startup.</li> </ol>

Example



Modify PON Run setting

### **Tracking Control**

Tracking control is used to control the voltage and current of slave units when using multiple PSB-1000 units in series or parallel. When using multiple units in parallel or serial special control ribbon cables are required. Please see 98 for details.

Parameter		Local	Local control. Tracking is off.		
Settings		S/Slave	Series tracking. Sets the unit as a slave for series tracking.		
		P/Slave	Parallel tracking. Sets the unit as slave for parallel tracking.		
		P2~P4/M	Parallel tracking. Sets the unit as a master for the designated number of parallel slave units.		
Steps	1.	Press the	FUNC key.		
		Use the scroll wheel to go to <i>Power on Config</i> and press <i>Enter</i> .			
	3.	Go to the and press	<i>Track</i> setting using the scroll wheel <i>Modify</i> [ <i>F1</i> ].		
	4.	Use the F1 setting.	$l \sim F4$ soft-keys to select the Track		
		*Press the P2~P4/M	F4 soft-key to cycle through the settings.		
		Track	Local, S/Slave, P/Slave, P2/M, P3/M, P4/M.		
	5.	Press Ente	er to save the settings.		

Example



Select Track setting

### External Control of Output (Ext-Out)

The output can be turned on or off externally using a switch. The Analog Programming connector can be set to turn the output on from a high or low signal. The voltage across pins 18 and 19 are internally pulled to +5V with  $10k\Omega$  pull-up resistor. A short (closed switch) produces a low signal. When EXT-Out = High, the output is turned on when the pins 18 and 19 are open. When EXT-Out = Low, the output is turned on when pins 18 and 19 are shorted. Please see 138 for details.

Parameter Settings		High	Open switch (high signal) turns the output on.
		Low	Closed switch (low signal) turns the output off.
Steps	1.	Press the <i>l</i>	FUNC key.
	2.	Use the sc and press	roll wheel to go to Power on Config Enter.
	3.	Go to the and press	<i>Ext-Out</i> setting using the scroll wheel <i>Modify</i> [F1].
	4.	Use the F1 setting.	~ F2 soft-keys to select the Ext-Out

Ext-Out High, Low.

5. Press *Enter* to save the settings.



Modify Ext-Out setting

#### Breaker Control

The Breaker setting determines the behavior of the unit when the one of the protection functions have been tripped; When Breaker is set to Enable the PSB-1000 will shut down, and when Breaker is set to Disable, the output will be turned off.

Applicable protection functions: OCP, OVP, OTP and Shutdown.

Parameter Settings	Ena	ble	Turns the PSB-1000 off when OCP, OVP, OTP or shutdown is tripped.	
	Disa	able	Turns the ou OVP, OTP or	tput off when OCP, shutdown is tripped.
Steps	1. Pres	ss the	e FUNC key.	FUNC
	2. Use and	the s	scroll wheel to § s <i>Enter</i> .	go to Power on Config

Example

- 3. Go to the *Breaker* setting using the scroll wheel and press *Modify*[*F*1]. (On page 2/2)
- 4. Use the F1 ~ F2 soft-keys to select the Breaker setting.

Breaker Disable, Enable.

5. Press *Enter* to save the settings.



Modify Breaker setting

### Sense Control

Sense control turns local sense on or off for the front or rear panel terminals. Traditionally local sense is manually configured on the terminals. On the PSB-1000, local sense is internal wired when enabled.

Parameter Settings	Disable	Disables local sense on the unit.		
	Rear	Enables local sense on the rear panel terminals.		
	Front	Enables local sense on the front panel terminals.		
Steps	1. Press the	FUNC key.		

- 2. Use the scroll wheel to go to *Power on Config* and press *Enter*.
- 3. Go to the *Sense* setting using the scroll wheel and press *Modify*[*F*1]. (On page 2/2)
- 4. Use the F1 ~ F3 soft-keys to select the Sense setting.

ense	Disable, Rear, Front.
ense	Disable, Rear, Front.

5. Press *Enter* to save the settings.





Modify Sense setting

# Parallel/Series Operation

This section describes the basic operations required to operate the power supply in series or parallel. Operating the PSB-1000 in parallel increases the total current output of the power supply units. When used in series, the total output voltage of the power supplies can be increased.

When the units are used in parallel or in series, a number of precautions and limitations apply. Please read the following sections before operating the power supplies in parallel or series.

- Master-slave parallel overview  $\rightarrow$  from page 99
- Parallel connection  $\rightarrow$  from page 102
- Parallel operation  $\rightarrow$  from page 106
- Master-slave series overview  $\rightarrow$  from page 109
- Series connection  $\rightarrow$  from page 112
- Series operation  $\rightarrow$  from page 115

### Master-Slave Parallel Overview

Background	When connecting the PSB-1000 power supplies in parallel, up to 4 units can be used in parallel and all units must be of the same model with similar output settings.
	To use the power supplies in parallel, units must be used in a "master-slave" configuration. In the master-slave configuration a "master" power supply controls any other connected "slave" power supplies. In order for the master unit to control the slave units, the master unit must use the Analog Programming connector on the rear panel to control the slave units.
	When using the Analog Programming connector, the connector must be wired correctly between the master and each of the slave units. For the complete connector pin assignment, see page 144, or alternatively, the PSB-101, PSB-102 and the PSB-103 cables can be used to connect a master to unit to 1, 2 or 3 slave units, respectively.



#### Limitations

#### Display

• Only the master unit will display the voltage and current.

#### OVP/ OCP

• Slave units follow the settings of the master when OVP/OCP is tripped on the master unit.

Remote monitoring

- Voltage monitoring (VMON) and current monitoring (IMON) are only supported on the master unit.
- The IMON current represents the total current of the all the parallelized units.

	<ul> <li>External Volta</li> <li>Voltage/Recontrol can unit.</li> <li>The full sca equivalent or resistance</li> </ul>	ge and F esistance only be lle curren to the m re.	Resistance controll used wi nt (in pa: aximum	e Contro ed remo th the m rallel) is external	ol ite aster l voltage		
	<ul> <li>Internal Resistance</li> <li>For 2 units in parallel, the internal resistance is actually half of the setting value.</li> <li>For 3 units in parallel, the internal resistance is actually a third of the setting value.</li> </ul>						
	• For 4 units is actually a	in parall a fourth	el, the ir of the se	nternal re tting val	esistance ue.		
	• See page 83 settings.	See page 83 to set the internal resistance settings.					
	Bleeder Control						
	The Master bleeder set the slave up parallel mo resistor set	unit is u tings. Th nits are a ode. See p tings.	ised to c e bleede ilways tu page 84 t	ontrol th r resisto: urned off to set the	ne rs in all f when in e bleeder		
Output \/alta as /	Model	Numbe	er of para	llel units	:		
Output Voltage/	PSB-1400L	40V 40A	2 units 40V 80A	40V 120A	4 units 40V 160A		
	PSB-1400M	160V 10A	160V 20A	160V 30A	160V 40A		
	PSB-1800L	40V 80A	40V 160A	40V 240A	40V 320A		
	PSB-1800M	160V 20A	160V 40A	160V 60A	160V 80A		

#### Parallel Connection

Analog Programming Connector Connection To operate the power supplies in parallel with the analog programming connectors, connect the analog programming connectors on the master and slave units as shown in the diagram below:



	Alternatively, preconfigured cables can be used:
	PSB-101: 1 master with 1 slave PSB-102: 1 master with 2 slaves PSB-103: 1 master with 3 slaves
Parallel Output Connection	If grounding the positive or negative terminals to the reference ground, be sure to ground the appropriate terminal on each unit (either positive or negative).
Example with negative terminal connected to ground	Master Load Output Ground Slave #1 Output Ground Slave #2 Output Ground

Parallel Sense For remote sense connections, connect the S+ Connections terminals to the positive potential of the load. Connect the S- terminals to the negative potential of the load.



#### Steps 1. Ensure the power is off on all power supplies.

- 2. Choose the master and the slave unit(s).
- 3. Connect the analog programming connectors for the master and slave units as shown above.
- 4. Remove the Output Terminal  $\rightarrow$  Page 45 covers.
- 5. Connect the master and slave unit in parallel as shown above.
- 6. If using remote sense, connect the master and slave sense cables as shown above.
- 7. Reattach the terminal covers.  $\rightarrow$  Page 49

Note Note	Ensure the load cables have sufficient $\rightarrow$ Page 44 current capacity.		
	The load wires and remote sense wires should use twisted-paired wiring of the shortest possible length.		

# Parallel Operation

Master-Slave Configuration		Before using the power supplies in parallel, the master and slave units need to be configured.			
Steps	1.	Configure the OVP and OC settings for the master unit.	P → From Page 69		
	2.	Enter the Power ON Config settings and set the Tracking configuration for the master each connected slave.	$ration \rightarrow Page 93$ g $rand$		
		Unit	Tracking Setting		
		Master Unit with 1 slave:	P2/M		
		Master Unit with 2 slaves:	P3/M		
		Master Unit with 3 slaves:	P4/M		
		Any Slave Units:	P/Slave		
	3.	If using voltage sense, disat sense in the Power ON Configuration settings.	ble local $\rightarrow$ Page 96		
	4.	Cycle the power on the unit	s (reset the power).		
Note		Set Tracking to Local to return the units to local (independent) operation. Only the Master OVP, OCP and UVL settings are used for protection. Slave protection levels are disregarded.			
	OTP works independently for each unit.				

Master-Slave Operation		Only operate the power supplies in parallel if the units are configured correctly.				
Steps	1.	<ol> <li>Turn on the master and slave units. The sl unit(s) will show a blank display.</li> </ol>				
		Master unit Set 168.0 v 21.00 A Protect 176.0 v 22.00 A OCP Ctrl OCP Dy DEF Output L/V Control	Ov OA Ow			
		Slave units Set Set Protect CCP Ctrl CCP Dly Output Delay Control	V A W More 1 of 2			
	2.	Operation of all units is controlled $\rightarrow$ Page via the master unit. Operation of the master unit is the same as for a single unit. See the Basic Operation chapter.	e 65			
	3.	Press the Output key to begin. The output key will turn green.				
Caution		Only operate the power supplies in parallel if u units of the same model number.	sing			
Note		The panel controls are disabled on slave units, including the output key. On slave units, only the FUNC, Utility and File key can be used.	he			



Ensure that the insulation capacity of the wiring is sufficient when connected in parallel. See page 39 for insulation capacity and grounding details.
## Master-Slave Series Overview

Background	When connecting PSB-1000 power supplies in series, up to 2 units can be used in series and all units must be of the same model. When operated in series, the power supplies can be used to increase the voltage output or setup the power supplies to output both positive and negative polarities. Series operation only requires configuration of the slave, the master unit remains in local mode.
	In order for the master unit to control the slave units, the master unit must use the Analog Programming connector on the rear panel to control the slave unit.
	When using the Analog Programming connector, the connector must be wired correctly between the master and the slave unit. For the complete connector pin assignment, see page 144, or alternatively, you can use the PSB- 104 cable which is pre-configured for series use.
	When the units are used in series, a number of precautions and limitations apply. Please read this overview before operating the power supplies in series.
	PSB-104 Slave Load Ext-V Ext-R

Master

VMON IMON Limitations

Display

- Master and slave units both display the voltage. The total voltage is the sum of the units.
- Only the master unit displays the current.

#### OVP/OCP

- The master unit can shut down the slave unit when OVP/OCP is tripped on the master unit (if the slave connector is wired for shut down on alarm).
- OVP and OCP level is determined by the master OVP and OCP level. The OVP and OCP level on the slave unit is ignored.

Remote monitoring

- Voltage monitoring (VMON) and current monitoring (IMON) are only supported on the master unit.
- The VMON voltage represents the total voltage of the all the serialized units.

External Voltage and Resistance Control

- Voltage/Resistance controlled remote control can only be used with the master unit.
- The full scale voltage (in series) is equivalent to the maximum external voltage or resistance.

#### Slew Rate

• The actual slew rate is double that of the setting slew rate. I.e., A slew rate setting of 80.00V/s is actually 160V/s when in series.

Internal Resistance

• The internal resistance is actually twice that of the setting value.

#### Bleeder Control

• The Master unit is used to control the bleeder settings. The bleeder resistor is always turned on for the slave unit in series mode.

	Model	1 unit	2 units
Output Voltage/	PSB-1400L	40V	80V
Output Current		40A	40A
	PSB-1400M	160V	320V
		10A	10A
	PSB-1800L	40V	80V
		80A	80A
	PSB-1800M	160V	320V
		20A	20A

## Series Connection

Analog Programming Connector Connection To operate the power supplies in series with the analog programming connectors, connect the analog programming connectors on the master and slave unit as shown in the diagram below:



Alternatively, the PSB-104 preconfigured cable can be used.





Series SenseFor remote sense connections, connect the senseConnectionterminals as shown below:

a. Connect the Master S+ terminal to the positive potential of the load.

b. Connect the Master S- terminal to the positive output terminal of the slave unit.

c. Connect the slave S+ terminal to the positive terminal of the slave unit.

d. Connect the slave S- terminal to negative terminal of the load.



Steps	1.	Ensure the power is off on both power supplies.	
	2.	Connect the master and slave unit shown above to either increase the output or to create a positive and r output. Remember that how the u grounded depends on the configu- series connection.	in series as voltage negative nits are ration of the
	3.	Reattach the terminal cover.	$\rightarrow$ Page 49
Note		Ensure load cables have sufficient current capacity.	$\rightarrow$ Page 44
Series Operatio	n		

Series Configuration		Before using the power supplies in series, the master and slave units need to be configured.		
	1.	Configure the OVP and OC settings for the master unit	$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbb{CP} & \longrightarrow \text{From} \\ . & \text{Page 69} \end{array}$	
		Enter the Power ON Config settings and set the Trackir configuration for the master each connected slave.	guration $\rightarrow$ Page 93 ag ar and	
		Unit	Tracking Setting	
		Master Unit with 1 slave:	Local	
		Slave Unit:	S/Slave	

 If using voltage sense, disable local → Page 96 sense in the Power ON Configuration settings. 1

	4. Cycle the power on the units (reset the power).
Note	Set Tracking to Local to return the slave units to local (independent) operation.
Master-Slave Operation	Only operate the power supplies in series if the units are configured correctly.
Steps	5. Turn on the master and slave units. Turn on

both units. When connected in series, each unit will show the voltage of their own unit.

> The V Set, A Set, OVP and OCP settings will only be shown on the master unit.

> > OFF

Cycle the new or on the units (reset the new or)

Master unit



6. Operation of both units is controlled  $\rightarrow$  Page 65 by the master unit. Operation of the master unit is the same as for a single unit. Please see the basic operation chapter for details.

7. Press the Output key to begin. The output key will turn green.	
Only operate the power supplies in series if usir units of the same model number.	۱g
 Only a maximum of 2 units can be used in serie	s.
Ensure that the insulation capacity of the wiring sufficient when connected in series. See page 39 insulation capacity and grounding details.	is €for

## **File Operations**

## View Internal Memory Settings

Internal memory can store up to 3 different setups. The configuration settings in these setups can be viewed from the FUNC>View Memory menu.

Overview	M1 ~ M3 Memory slot numbers M1 ~ M3.
Steps	1. Press the <i>FUNC</i> key.
	2. Use the scroll wheel to go to <i>View Memory</i> and press <i>Enter</i> .
	<ul> <li>3. Use the F1, F2 or F3 soft-keys to select a memory slot number, M1, M2 or M3.</li> <li>The soft-key will be highlighted yellow when selected</li> </ul>
	Memory Slot M1, M2, M3
	<ol> <li>The scroll wheel can be used to see what settings are currently saved to the selected memory slot.</li> </ol>

5. Press *Exit* to return to the Function menu.

Currently selected memory settings

OFF			
Voltage : Current : OVP : OCP : Off Delay : OCP Control : OCP Delay : Bleeder : Average :	55.0V 1.00A 176.0V 22.00A 0.00s 0.00s Disable Auto Enable Low	(1/4) (1/4)	
M2 M3		Exit	
	Voltage : Current : OCP : OCP 2: On Delay : Off Delay : OCP Control : Bleeder : Average : M2 M3	Voltage : 55.0V Current : 1.00A OVP : 176.0V OCP : 22.00A On Delay : 0.00s Off Delay : 0.00s OCP Control : Disable OCP Delay : Auto Bleeder : Enable Average : Low	Voltage : 55.0V Current : 1.00A OVP : 176.0V OCP : 22.00A On Delay : 0.00s OCF Delay : 0.00s OCP Control : Disable OCP Delay : Auto Bleeder : Enable Average : Low M2 M3 Ext

Selected memory no.

Example

Steps

## Save/Recall Internal Memory Settings

Settings can be saved or recalled from 3 different internal memory slots.

1. Press the *File* key.



- 2. The file system will appear.
- 3. If a USB stick is inserted in the drive, you will need to go to the internal memory first. Select *Memory* with the scroll wheel and press Enter.



4. Use the scroll wheel to select *M1*, *M2* or *M3* in the file system.

- 5. To save to the selected memory number, press *Save*[*F*3].
- 6. To recall the current settings to the selected memory number press *Recall*[*F*4].
  - A message will appear if the save/recall was successful.



**I**NOTE The contents of the internal memory settings can be viewed by pressing *View Memory[F5]*. See page 118 for details.

## Copy Internal Memory File

Internal memory settings can be copied to another internal memory slot or to a USB disk drive.

Steps 1.	Press the <i>File</i> key.
2.	The file system will appear.
3.	If a USB stick is inserted in the drive, you will need to go to the internal memory first. Select <i>Memory</i> with the scroll wheel and press Enter.

4. Use the scroll wheel to select *M*1, *M*2 or *M*3 in the file system.

Memory Slot M1, M2, M3

5. To copy to an another internal memory slot, press *Copy to Mx*[*F2*].

Key in the destination memory slot with the number pad. (Press *Copy to Mx* again to cancel).

- 6. To copy to a USB flash drive, press *Copy to USB*[*F*1].
  - The selected memory file will be saved as mX.mem to the root directory of the USB flash drive, where X is 1, 2 or 3.



### Copy USB File to Internal Memory

Files that have been previously saved to a USB flash drive (mX.mem) can be copied to an internal memory slot.

Steps1. Insert a USB flash drive with the setting file that<br/>you want to copy to the internal memory into<br/>the front panel USB port.

The USB flash drive icon is will appear in the status bar.

2. Press the *File* key.



- 3. The file system appears.
- 4. Select USB with the scroll wheel and press Enter.



5. Use the scroll wheel to select the memory file that you want to copy to internal memory.

File	format	mX.mem
File	format	mX.mem

6. Press Copy to Memory[F1].

- 7. Key in the memory number when prompted and press Enter.
  - A message will appear if successful.

Memory no.:  $1 \sim 3$ 



Copy to Memory

## Delete Files on USB Flash Drive

Files on a USB flash disk can be deleted.

Steps	1.	Insert a USB flash drive with the file that you want to delete into the front panel USB port.	
		The USB flash drive icon 🗔 the status bar.	will appear in
	2.	Press the <i>File</i> key.	File
	3.	The file system appears.	

4. Select USB with the scroll wheel and press Enter.



- 5. Use the scroll wheel to select the file that you want to delete in the file system.
  - Only files on the USB flash drive can be deleted. You cannot delete files in the internal memory.
- 6. To delete the selected file, press *Delete* [F2].
  - A message will appear if successful.



Delete

## Rename Files on the USB Flash Drive

Files on a USB flash disk can be renamed using an on-screen keyboard.

Steps	1.	Insert a USB flash drive with the file that you want to rename into the front panel USB por	
		The USB flash drive icon 💷 will appear in the status bar.	
	2.	Press the <i>File</i> key.	
	3.	The file system appears.	
	4.	Select USB with the scroll wheel and press Enter.	
	5.	Use the scroll wheel to select the file that you want to rename in the file system.	
		• Only files on the USB flash drive can be renamed. You cannot rename files in the internal memory.	
	6.	To rename the selected file, press <i>Rename</i> [F3].	



- 7. An on-screen keyboard appears.
  - Use the scroll wheel to move the keyboard cursor.
  - Press *A*↔*a* 1↔![*F*1] to toggle the key board from upper case and numerals to lower case and symbols.
  - Press *Enter Character*[F2] or the right arrow key to enter in the chosen character.
  - Press the left arrow key to delete a character.
- 8. Press Enter to finish editing the file name.



**To cancel renaming the file while the keyboard is displayed, press** *Cancel[F5]*.

## Sequence Function

The Sequence function is able to load a number of sequences from USB memory and load them into 10 sequence slots (sequence  $0 \sim 9$ ). The sequences can be moved to different slots, deleted and saved back to USB.

The creation of sequences by the end-user is not supported. Please see your distributor for more details about sequences and how GW Instek can create customized test sequences for your needs.

The following section describes how to load, run and save sequences.



To create sequences please see your distributor.

- Sequence File Format  $\rightarrow$  from page 128
- Copy Sequence from a USB Flash Disk to Internal Memory→ from page 128
- Load and Run a Sequence from a USB Flash Disk $\rightarrow$  from page 130
- Copy, Move, Clear Sequences in Internal Memory → from page 132
- Load and Run Sequence from Internal Memory  $\rightarrow$  from page 135

## Sequence File Format

Background		The sequence files are saved in *.csv file format.	
		Each file is saved as tXXX.csv, where XXX is the save file number 001~010.	
Copy Sequence	e fro	om a USB Flash Disk to Internal Memory	
Overview		<ul> <li>A sequence can be copied from a USB flash disk to a selected sequence in internal memory.</li> <li>Ensure the sequence is placed in the root directory or a directory with a directory name of 8 or less characters.</li> </ul>	
Steps	1.	Insert a USB flash drive into the front panel USB-A slot. Ensure the flash drive contains a sequence file.	
	2.	The USB icon will appear in the status bar when the USB flash drive is detected.	
	3.	Press the <i>File</i> key.	

4. Use the scroll wheel to go to *USB* and press *Enter*.

	OFF	∰ ■ ∎^∢
	Host:/	
	timit Memory	
Select USB		
	2 folder(s), 0 file(s)	older D∉Root

5. Press more 1 of 2[F5].



**OPERATION** 

- 6. Use the scroll wheel to highlight the sequence that you want to copy to internal memory.
- 7. Press the *Copy to SeqX*[*F1*] soft-key. Copy to SeqX
- 8. Key in the sequence number that you want the sequence copied to and then press *Enter*.

Sequence No.:  $0 \sim 9$ 



Destination sequence

Example

## Load and Run a Sequence from a USB Flash Disk

Overview		<ul> <li>A sequence can be loaded directly from a USB flash drive instead of from internal memory. After a sequence is loaded it can be run.</li> <li>Ensure the sequence is placed in the root directory or a directory with a directory name of 8 or less characters.</li> </ul>	
Steps	1.	Insert a USB flash drive into the front panel USB-A slot. Ensure the flash drive contains a sequence file.	
	2.	The USB icon will appear in the status bar when the USB flash drive is detected.	
	3.	Press the <i>File</i> key.	
	4.	Use the scroll wheel to go to <i>USB</i> and press <i>Enter</i> .	
		Select USB	
	5.	Press more 1 of 2[F5].	

6. Use the scroll wheel to highlight the sequence that you want to run (load).

7. Press the Load to SEQ[F2] soft-key.



- The selected sequence will load and the unit will be ready to run the sequence.
- A "Ready..." message will appear on the display indicating that the sequence is ready to be run.



8. Press Run[F1].



The run status icon becomes a play icon:

9. The sequence will start and go through each step in order until the sequence has finished unless the sequence is stopped before it has finished. The currently active step is shown at the top of the status bar.

Restart Sequence	10. When a seque started, or ha it doesn't hav of run cycles) can be restart Restart[F2].	). When a sequence has already started, or has finished (assuming it doesn't have an infinite number of run cycles) then the sequence can be restarted by pressing Restart[F2].		
Stop Sequence	11. To stop a seq press Stop[F5	. To stop a sequence at any time, stop press Stop[F5].		
Copy, Move, Cl	ear Sequences	in Internal Memory		
Overview	Sequences tha can be copied memory num number or de	Sequences that are stored in internal memory can be copied to USB, copied to another memory number, moved to another memory number or deleted from internal memory.		
Operations	Copy to USB a sequence from the intern memory to the root directo the USB flash drive.			
		<ul> <li>Files will be saved as tXXX.csv where XXX is the memory number 001~ 010 from which the sequence was exported from.</li> </ul>		
		• Files of the same name on the USB flash drive will be written over.		
	Copy to SeqX	Copies the selected sequence to a destination sequence memory number.		

		Move to SeqX	Moves the selected sequence to a destination sequence memory number.	
			• The source seque cleared (deleted)	ence will be
		Clear	Deletes the selected from memory.	sequence
Steps	1.	<ol> <li>Insert a USB flash drive into the front panel USB-A slot.</li> <li>The USB icon will appear in the status bar when the USB flash drive is detected.</li> <li>Press the <i>FUNC</i> key.</li> </ol>		•~~
	2.			
	3.			FUNC
4. Use the s Enter.		Use the scroll <i>Enter</i> .	wheel to go to Sequer	nce and press

A list of sequences that have been previously loaded to the internal memory will be shown on the screen.



- 5. Use the scroll wheel to highlight the sequence that you want to copy, move or clear.
- 6. Press more 1 of 2[F5].



Copy to USB

Copy to SeqX

Move to SeqX

Clear

7. Select the operation that you wish to perform:

Copy to USB:

Press the *Copy to USB[F1]* soft-key to copy the selected sequence to the root directory of the USB drive.

• The file format: t00X.csv Where X is 0 ~ 9.

Copy to SeqX:

Press *Copy to SeqX*[F2] and then key in the sequence destination with the number pad. Press *Enter* to confirm the operation.

Sequence No.:  $0 \sim 9$ 

Move to SeqX:

Press *Move to SeqX[F3]* and then key in the sequence destination with the number pad. Press *Enter* to confirm the operation.

Sequence No.:  $0 \sim 9$ 

Clear:

Press *Clear*[*F4*] and then key in the sequence destination with the number pad. Press *Enter* to confirm the operation.

## Load and Run Sequence from Internal Memory

Overview	Any sequence in internal memory can be run.		
Sequence Load Screen Overview	The sequence menu will list in order: sequence number, sequence name and file size.		
	Sequence no. Title name File size		

Steps 1. Press the *FUNC* key.



2. Use the scroll wheel to go to *Sequence* press *Enter*.

A list of sequences that have been previously loaded to the internal memory will be shown on the screen.



3. Use the scroll wheel to highlight the sequence that you want to load.

Load

4. Press Load[F1] to load the selected sequence.

The selected sequence will load and the unit will be ready to run the sequence.

A "Ready..." message will appear on the display indicating that the sequence is ready to be run.



Run, Restart, Stop soft-keys

5. Press Run[F1].

Run

The run status icon becomes a play icon:

6. The sequence will start and go through each step in order until the sequence has finished unless the sequence is stopped before it has finished. The currently active step is shown at the top of the status bar.

Stop

Restart Sequence 7.	When a sequence has already started, or has finished (assuming it doesn't have an infinite number of run cycles) then the sequence can be restarted by pressing <i>Restart</i> [ <i>F</i> 2]	Resta
	Kesturt[12].	

Stop Sequence 8. To stop a sequence at any time, press *Stop*[*F5*].

## Trigger Input & Output

The PSB-1000 has a trigger input, trigger output and voltage trigger output BNC terminal. The following section describes how to configure these terminals.

- TRIG IN BNC $\rightarrow$  from page 138 ٠
- TRIG OUT BNC $\rightarrow$  from page 139
- Voltage Trigger  $\rightarrow$  from page 141



## TRIG IN BNC

3. Use the F1 & F2 soft-keys to set the voltage trigger to positive or negative pulse.

TRIG IN POS, NEG

4. Press *Exit* to exit from the Function menu.

Example		OFF	₽ ■ ¶^
I I		Function	(1/2)
		Power ON Config >>>	
		View Memory >>>	
		Voltage Trigger >>>	
		TRIG IN : POS	
	setting	TRIG OUT : POS	
		POS NEG	Exit

## TRIG OUT BNC

Background	The TRIG OUT BNC outputs a 1ms pulse, pulled up to 5V, when the output is turned on. The pulse can be configured to be a negative or positive going pulse.		
	Pin 24 (OUTP the negative o below.	UT ON STATUS) will also follow r positive setting that is chosen	
Parameter	POS	Positive signal.	
Settings	NEG	Negative signal.	
TRIG OUT BNC	TRIG OUT	GND Solated +5V S330RJ Trigger Output COM	

FUNC

Steps 1. Press the *FUNC* key.

- 2. Use the scroll wheel to go to TRIG OUT.
- 3. Use the F1 & F2 soft-keys to set the pulse polarity to positive or negative when the output is turned on.

TRIG OUT	POS, NEG
----------	----------

4. Press *Exit* to exit from the Function menu.



Example

## Voltage Trigger

Configures and enables/disables the voltage trigger output. The voltage trigger will output a trigger signal (positive or negative polarity) that tracks the voltage output when pre-defined thresholds(Vt1, Vt2) have been reached.



Parameter Settings	Vtrig Control	Enable/Disable: Turns Voltage control on or off.
	Vt1	Sets the voltage threshold level of the leading edge of the Vtrig output pulse.
	Vt2	Sets the voltage threshold level for the trailing edge of the Vtrig output pulse.
	Tref	POS/NEG: Sets the polarity of the Vtrig output pulse.
VOLT TRIG BNC	VOLT TRIG	The VOLT TRIG port on the rear panel outputs a $0 \sim 5V$ signal that is internally pulled high by a $1k\Omega$ resistor.
		Isolated +5V

Steps	5. Press the <i>FUNC</i> key.
	6. Use the scroll wheel to go to <i>Voltage Trigger</i> and press <i>Enter</i> .
	7. Go to the <i>Vtrig Control</i> setting using the scroll wheel.
	8. Use the F1 & F2 soft-keys to enable or disable the voltage trigger.
	Vtrig Control Enable, Disable
	9. Go to the <i>Vt1</i> or <i>Vt2</i> settings using the scroll wheel.
	10. Key in the desired the threshold levels with the number pad or use the F1 & F2 soft-keys to set to the minimum or maximum level.
	Vt1, Vt2 $0 \sim 105\%$ rated voltage, Min, Max
	11. Go to the <i>Tref</i> settings using the scroll wheel.
	12. Use the F1 & F2 soft-keys to set to the polarity to positive or negative.
	Tref POS, NEG
	13. Press <i>Exit</i> to return to the Function menu.
Example	om ■ n K



Select Vtrig settings

# **EXTERNAL CONTROL**

The rear panel has an analog programming connector, a TRIG IN BNC terminal, a TRIG OUT BNC terminal and a VOLT TRIG BNC terminal. The Analog Programming Terminal is used for external voltage, current and resistance control of current and voltage output. The trigger BNC terminals are used for trigger input and output signals.

Analog Control	144
Analog Programming Connector Overview	
External Voltage Control of Voltage Output	
External Voltage Control of Current Output	
External Resistance Control of Voltage Output	
External Resistance Control of Current Output	
External Control of Output	
External Control of Shutdown	
External Alarm Clear	159
Remote Monitoring	
External Voltage and Current Monitoring	

# Analog Control

## Analog Programming Connector Overview

Overview		The Analog Programming connector is a standard 26 pin MIL connector (OMRON XG4 IDC plug). The connector is used for all analog remote control. The pins used determine what remote control mode is used.	
Pin Assignment		1 Pennenenenen 26	
Pin name	Pir	n number Description	
CURRENT SHARE	1	Used when operating 2 or more units in parallel.	
CURRENT SUM OUT	2	Current sum output signal when used in parallel mode.	
EXT-V CV CONT	3	External voltage control of the voltage output. A voltage of 0~10V is used to control the full scale voltage output (0%~100%) of the instrument.	
EXT-V CC CONT	4	External voltage control of the current output. A voltage of 0~10V is used to control the full scale current output (0%~100%)of the instrument	
EXT-R CV CONT PIN1	5	External resistance control of the voltage output. A resistance of $0k\Omega \sim 10k\Omega$ is used to control the full scale voltage output (0%~100%) of the instrument.	
EXT-R CV CONT PIN2	6	External resistance control of the voltage output. A resistance of $0k\Omega \sim 10k\Omega$ is used to control the full scale voltage output (0%~100%) of the instrument.	
EXT-R CC CONT PIN1	7	External resistance control of the current output. A resistance of $0k\Omega \sim 10k\Omega$ is used to control the full scale current output (0%~100%) of the instrument.	
-----------------------	----	--	
EXT-R CC CONT PIN2	8	External resistance control of the current output. A resistance of $0k\Omega \sim 10k\Omega$ is used to control the full scale current output (0%~100%) of the instrument.	
V MON	9	Voltage Monitor Output. Outputs the full scale voltage (0~100%) as a voltage (0V~10V).	
IMON	10	Current Monitor Output. Outputs the full scale current (0~100%) as a voltage (0V~10V).	
SHUTDOWN	11	The shut down signal will turn off the output or power when a low TTL signal is applied. The shutdown signal is pulled up to 5V with a $10k\Omega$ pull-up resistor.	
CURRENT_SUM_ 1	12	Master unit current sum input signal from first slave CURRENT SUM OUTPUT. Used in parallel mode only.	
CURRENT_SUM_ 2	13	Master unit current sum input signal from first slave CURRENT SUM OUTPUT. Used in parallel mode only.	
CURRENT_SUM_ 3	14	Master unit current sum input signal from first slave CURRENT SUM OUTPUT. Used in parallel mode only.	
FEEDBACK	15	Parallel control signal during master-slave parallel operation.	
АСОМ	16	Analog signal common. Connected to the sense- terminal when remote sense is used. Connected to the negative output terminal when remote sense is not used.	
ALARM CLEAR	17	Alarm clear terminal. Alarms are cleared when a low TTL level signal is applied to this terminal.	

## G≝INSTEK

OUT ON/OFF CONT	18 Turns the output on/off when (default setting) a low TTL signal is applied. Internally, the circuit is pulled up to +5V with $10k\Omega$ resistance.
D COM	19 Connected to the (-S) sense- terminal when remote sense is used. Connected to the negative output terminal when remote sense is not used.
SER SLV IN	20 Series slave input during master-slave series operation.
CV STATUS	21 Turns on when CV mode is active. (photo coupled open collector output)
CC STATUS	22 Turns on when CC mode is active. (photo coupled open collector output)
ALARM STATUS	23 Turns on when any of the protection modes are tripped (OVP, OCP) or if a shutdown signal is input. (photo coupled open collector output)
OUTPUT ON STATUS	24 Turns on when the output has been turned on. (photo coupled open collector output)
POWER OFF STATUS	<sup>25</sup> Turns on when the power switch is turned off.
STATUS COM	26 Common for status signals 21, 22, 23, 24 and 25.

Open collector output: 30V max, 8mA max.

The common line for the status pins is floating (isolated voltage of 60 V or less). It is isolated from the control circuit.

### External Voltage Control of Voltage Output

Background	An external volta the full scale vol- instrument.	age of 0~10V is used to control tage output (0%~100%) of the
	Output voltage = voltage/10)	= full scale voltage x (external
Connection	When connecting the Analog Prog shielded or twist	g the external voltage source to ramming connector, use red paired wiring.
	EXT-V	PSB-1000
	+ +	Analog connector
	wire or twisted   pair   ( L(	⊖ Output ⊖Terminal
	• $Pin3 \rightarrow EXT-$	V (+)
	• $Pin16 \rightarrow EXT$	-V (-)
	• Wire shield –	→ negative (-) output terminal

Panel operation 1. Connect the external voltage according to the connection diagrams above.

- 2. Set the CV Control Settings to EXT- Page 87 V.
  - Be sure to cycle the power after the power on configuration has been set.
- 3. Press the Output key. The voltage can now be controlled with the external voltage.



Note	The input impedance for external voltage control is 10k $\Omega.$
	Use a stable voltage supply for the external voltage control.
Note	CV and CC slew rate settings are disabled when using external voltage control. See the slew rate settings on page 81.
	Ensure no more than 10.5V is input into the external voltage input.
	Ensure the voltage polarity is correct when connecting the external voltage.

### External Voltage Control of Current Output

Background A voltage of 0~10V is used to control the full scale current output (0%~100%) of the instrument.

Output current = full scale current x (external voltage/10)

Connection When connecting the external voltage source to the connector, use shielded or twisted paired wiring.



- $Pin4 \rightarrow EXT-V(+)$
- $Pin16 \rightarrow EXT-V(-)$
- Wire shield  $\rightarrow$  negative (-) output terminal

Steps	1. Connect the external voltage according to the connection diagrams above.
	<ul> <li>2. Set the CC Control Settings to EXT- Page 89 V.</li> <li>Be sure to cycle the power after the power on configuration has been set.</li> </ul>
	3. Press the Output key. The current can now be controlled with the external voltage.

Note	The input impedance for external voltage control is 10k $\Omega$ .
	Use a stable voltage supply for the external voltage control.
Note	CV and CC slew rate settings are disabled when using external voltage control. See the slew rate settings on page 81.
	Ensure no more than 10.5V is input into the external voltage input.
	Ensure the voltage polarity is correct when connecting the external voltage.
External Resista	ance Control of Voltage Output
Background	A resistance of $0k\Omega \sim 10k\Omega$ is used to control the full scale voltage output (0%~100%) of the instrument.
	The output voltage (0 to full scale) can be controlled with the external resistance rising $(0k\Omega \sim 10k\Omega)$ or falling $(10k\Omega \sim 0k\Omega)$ .
	Rising: For 0kΩ~10kΩ: Output voltage = full scale voltage × (external resistance/10)
	Falling: For 10kΩ~0kΩ: Output voltage = full scale voltage × ([10-external resistance]/10)

Note	The falling resistance configuration is recommended for safety reasons. In the event that the cables become accidentaly disconnected (high $\Omega$ ), the voltage output will drop to zero. Under similar circumstances using the rising resistance configuaration, an unexpectedly high voltage would be output.	
	If swtiches are used to switch between fixed resistances, use switches that avoid creating open circuits. Use short-circuit or continous resistance switches.	
Connection	EXT-R PSB-1000	
	<ul> <li>Pin5 → EXT-R</li> <li>Pin6 → EXT-R</li> <li>Wire chield a recentive () extract terminal</li> </ul>	
Steps	<ul> <li>Whe shield → hegative (-) output terminal</li> <li>1. Connect the external resistance according to the connection diagrams above.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>2. Set the CV Control Settings to Ext- → Page 87 R<sup>2</sup>, Ext-R<sup>1</sup> (rising or falling R).</li> <li>Be sure to cycle the power after the power on configuration has been set.</li> </ul>	
	3. Press the Output key. The voltage can now be controlled with the external resistance.	

Note	Ensure the resistor(s) and cables used exceed the isolation voltage of the power supply. For example: insulation tubes with a withstand voltage higher than the power supply can be used.
	When choosing an external resistor ensure the resistor can withstand a high degree of heat.
<u>I</u> Note	CV and CC slew rate settings are disabled when using external resistance control. See the slew rate settings on page 81.

### External Resistance Control of Current Output

Background	A resistance of $0k\Omega \sim 10k\Omega$ is used to control the full scale current output (0%~100%) of the instrument.
	The output current (0 to full scale) can be controlled with the external resistance rising $(0k\Omega \sim 10k\Omega)$ or falling $(0k\Omega \sim 0k\Omega)$ .
	Rising: For 0kΩ~10kΩ: Output current = full scale current × (external resistance/10)
	Falling: For 10kΩ~0kΩ: Output current = full scale current × ([10-external resistance]/10)

Note	The falling resistance configuration is recommended for safety reasons. In the event that the cables become accidentaly disconnected, the current output will drop to zero (high $\Omega$ ). Under similar circumstances using the rising configuration, an unexpectedly high current would be output.
	If swtiches are used to switch between fixed resistances, use switches that avoid creating open circuits. Use short-circuit or continous resistance switches.
Connection	EXT-R PSB-1000
	<ul> <li>Pin7 → EXT-R</li> <li>Pin8 → EXT-R</li> <li>Wire shield → negative () output terminal</li> </ul>
Steps	<ol> <li>Write shield -&gt; negative (-) output terminal</li> <li>Connect the external resistance according to the connection diagrams above.</li> </ol>
	<ul> <li>2. Set the CC Control Settings to Ext- → Page 89 R<sup>,</sup>, Ext-R<sup>,</sup> (rising or falling R).</li> <li>Be sure to cycle the power after the power on configuration has been set.</li> </ul>
	3. Press the Output key. The current can now be controlled with the external resistance.

Note	Ensure the resistor(s) and cables used exceed the isolation voltage of the power supply. For example: insulation tubes with a withstand voltage higher than the power supply can be used.
	When choosing an external resistor ensure the resistor can withstand a high degree of heat.
<u>I</u> Note	CV and CC slew rate settings are disabled when using external resistance control. See the slew rate settings on page 81.

### External Control of Output

Background	The output can be turned on or off externally
	using a switch. The analog programming
	connector can be set to turn the output on from
	a high or low signal. The voltage across pins 18
	and 19 are internally pulled up to +5V with
	$10k\Omega$ pull-up resistor. A short (closed switch)
	produces a low signal.

When Ext-Out = High, the output is turned on when the pins 18-19 are open.

When Ext-Out = Low, the output is turned on when pins 18-19 are shorted.



	3. The switch is now ready to set the output on or off.
Note	When using a switch over long distances, please use a switch relay to extend the line from the coil side of the relay. Switch Relay
	Line extention
	If a single switch control is to be used for multiple units, please isolate each instrument. This can be achieved by using a relay.
Warning	Ensure the cables used and the switch exceed the isolation voltage of the power supply. For example: insulation tubes with a withstand voltage higher than the power supply can be used.
Note	Output On/Off Delay settings are disabled when the output is set to external control. See page 79 for details.

### External Control of Shutdown

Background The output of the power supplies can be configured to shut down via an external switch. The voltage across pins 11 and 16 are internally pulled to +5V with  $10k\Omega$  pull-up resistor. The output is turned off when a low TTL level signal is applied.

Connection	Switch	PSB-1000	
		11 Analog connector	
	2 core shielded 1 wire or twisted 1 pair 1	⊕ Output ⊖Terminal	
	• $Pin11 \rightarrow 2$	Switch	
	• $Pin16 \rightarrow 3$	Switch	
	Wire shie	eld $\rightarrow$ negative (-) output terminal	
Steps	1. Connect the connection c	external switch according to the diagrams above.	
	2. The switch v supply when	will now shut down the power n shorted.	

Â	\
<u>/!</u>	∆Note

When using a switch over long distances, please use a switch relay to extend the line from the coil side of the relay.



If a single switch control is to be used for multiple units, please isolate each instrument. This can be achieved by using a relay.



Ensure the cables and switch used exceed the isolation voltage of the power supply. For example: insulation tubes with a withstand voltage higher than the power supply can be used.

### External Alarm Clear

Background Alarms (OCP, OVP, OTP) can be cleared by an external switch. The voltage is internally pulled to +5V with  $10k\Omega$  pull-up resistor. The output is turned off when a low TTL level signal is applied across pins 17 and 19.



achieved by using a relay.



Ensure the cables and switch used exceed the isolation voltage of the power supply. For example: insulation tubes with a withstand voltage higher than the power supply can be used.

# **Remote Monitoring**

The PSB-1000 power supplies have remote monitoring support for current and voltage output. They also support monitoring of operation status and alarm status.

- External monitoring of output voltage and current → from page 161
- External monitoring of operation mode and alarm status → from page 163

External Voltag	ge and Current Monitoring
Background	The Analog Programming connector is used to monitor the current (IMON) or voltage (VMON) output.
	<ul> <li>An output of 0~10V represents the voltage or current output of 0~ rated current/voltage output.</li> <li>IMON = (current output/full scale) × 10</li> <li>VMON = (voltage output/full scale) × 10</li> </ul>



IMON	DMM	PSB-1000	
Connection	I MON 0→10	Analog connector	
	2 core shielded wire or twisted pair	U ⊕ Output U ⊖ Terminal	
	• Pin10	$0 \rightarrow Pos(+)$	
	• Pin16	$5 \rightarrow \text{Neg}(-)$	
Note	Maximum current is 5mA. Ensure the sensing circuit has an input impedance greater than $1M\Omega$		
	The mon be used t transient	itor outputs are strictly DC and should not to monitor analog components such as voltage response or ripple etc.	
Steps	1. Connect connection	the external switch according to the on diagrams above.	
	2. An exter the volta	rnal DMM can now be used to monitor age or current output.	
	Ensure IN shorted t unit.	MON(pin 10) and VMON(pin 9) are not ogether. This may cause damage to the	

External Operation and Status Monitoring

Background	The analog control connector can also be used to monitor the status operation and alarm status of the instrument.				
	The pins are isolated from the power supply internal circuitry by photo couplers. Status COM (Pin 26) is a photo coupler emitter outputs, whilst pins 21~25 are photo coupler collector outputs.				
	A maximum of 30V and 8mA can be applied to				
	each pin. The Status Com pin is floating with an				
	isolation volta	age c	of 60V.		
	Name and Pin		Description		
	STATUS COM	26	Common (photo coupler emitter) for status signals 21 ~ 25.		
	CV STATUS	21	Low when CV mode is active.		
	CC STATUS	22	Low when CC mode is active.		
	ALM STATUS	23	Low when any of the protection modes are tripped (OVP, OCP, OTP, AC-FAIL, Power Limit and Shutdown). Active low.		
	OUT ON STATUS	24	Low when the output is on.		
	PWR ON STATUS	25	Active low.		



Timing diagrams	Below are 4 example timing diagrams covering a number of scenarios. Note that pins 21~25 are all active low.
CV MODE: Output turned on	The diagram below shows the timing diagram when the output is turned on when the PSB- 1000 is set to CV mode.
	CV status     H       L     H       CC status     H       L     H       Output status     L       L     L
CV MODE: Output turned off	The diagram below shows the output status lines when the output is turned off in CV mode.
	H       L       H       CC status       L       OFF       Output status       ON

CC MODE: The diagram below shows the timing diagram Output turned on when the output is turned on when the PSB-1000 is set to CC mode.



CC MODE: Output turned off The diagram below shows the output status lines when the output is turned off in CC mode.



# COMMUNICATION INTERFACE

This chapter describes basic configuration of IEEE488.2 based remote control. For a command list, refer to the programming manual, downloadable from GW Instek website, www.gwinstek.com



If the instrument is remotely controlled via the USB/LAN/GPIB interface, the remote panel lock is automatically enabled. Press the Main/Local key on the front panel to return to local control.

Interface Configuration	167
USB Remote Interface	
USB Remote Control Function Check	169
Using Realterm to Establish a Remote Connection	
Configure GPIB Interface - Optional	
GPIB Function Check	175
Configure Ethernet Connection	
Web Server Remote Control Function Check	

# Interface Configuration

### **USB** Remote Interface

USB configuration		PC side connector	Type A, host
		PSB-1000 side connector	Rear panel Type B, slave
		USB Class	CDC (communications device class)
Settings		Disable	Disables the rear panel USB port
		Auto	Sets the rear panel USB port to auto. This will automatically set the port to full or high speed.
		Full	Manually sets the port to full speed.
Steps	1.	Connect the Ty cable from the USB B port.	PC to the rear panel
	2.	Press the <i>Utilit</i> menu will app	y key. The Utility ear on the display.
	3.	Go to the <i>Interf</i> wheel and pres	<i>face</i> >>> setting using the scroll ss <i>Enter</i> .
	4.	Use the scroll we setting and use interface.	wheel to go to the <i>Rear USB</i> e the soft-keys to set the USB
		Rear USB	Disable, Auto, Full.

5. When the USB port is connected to the PC the USB icon will appear at the top of the display to show the connection status.



Exit 6. Press *Exit*[*F5*] to exit from the rear panel USB settings.

### USB Remote Control Function Check

Functionality check	Invoke a terminal application such as Realterm.
	For USB communication the PSB-1000 emulates a COM port. The UART settings for the USB connection can be seen in the Windows Device Manager.
	To check the COM settings in Windows, see the Device Manager. For example, in Win7 go to the Control panel $\rightarrow$ Hardware and Sound $\rightarrow$ Device Manager.
⚠́ Note	If you are not familiar with using a terminal application to send/receive remote commands from via a USB connection, please see page 170 for more information.
	Run this query command via the terminal after the instrument has been configured for USB remote control (page 167):
	*IDN?
	This should return the manufacturer, model number, software version and serial number:
	GW_INSTEK,PSB-1400L,TWXXXXXXXXXX, X.XX.XXXXXXXX
	Manufacturer: GWINSTEK
	Model number : PSB-1400L Serial number : TWXXXXXXXXX
	Software version : X.XX.XXXXXXXX

	For further details, please see the programming
∠ <b>!</b> ∆ Note	manual, available on the GW Instek web site @
	www.gwinstek.com.

### Using Realterm to Establish a Remote Connection

Background		Realterm is a terminal program that can be used to communicate with a device attached to the serial port of a PC or via an emulated serial port via USB.		
		The following instructions apply to version 2.0.0.70. Even though Realterm is used as an example to establish a remote connection, any terminal program can be used that has similar functionality.		
Note Note		Realterm can be downloaded on Sourceforge.net free of charge.		
		For more information please see http://realterm.sourceforge.net/		
Operation	1.	Download Realterm and install according to the instructions on the Realterm website.		
	2.	Connect the PSB-1000 via USB (page 167).		
	3.	Go to the Windows device manager and find the COM port number for the connection. For example, go to the Start menu > Control Panel > Hardware and Sound > Device Manager.		
		Double click the <i>Ports</i> icon to reveal the connected serial port devices and the COM port for the each connected device.		

When using USB, the baud rate, stop bit and parity settings can be viewed by right-clicking the connected device and selecting the *Properties* option.



4. Start Realterm on the PC as an administrator. Click:

Start menu>All Programs>RealTerm>realterm

Tip: to run as an administrator, you can right click the Realterm icon in the Windows Start menu and select the *Run as Administrator* option.

5. After Realterm has started, click on the Port tab.

Enter the *Baud*, *Parity*, *Data bits*, *Stop bits* and *Port* number configuration for the connection as shown in the Device Manager.

The *Hardware Flow Control, Software Flow Control* options can be left at the default settings.

Press Open to connect to the PSB-1000.

PealTerm	n: Serial Capture Program 2.0.0.70	
Display Port	t Capture   Pins   Send   Echo Port   12C   12C-2   12CMisc   Misc   ] ▼	<u>n Cl</u>
Parity None Odd Even Mark Space	Data Bits     Stop Bits     Control	

6. Click on the *Send* tab.

In the *EOL* configuration, check on the +*LF* check boxes.

Enter the query: *\*idn?* 

Click on Send ASCII.

RealTerm: Serial Capture Program 2.0.0	).70
GW-INSTER, PSB-1400L, OWNER, ZAATY AND AND	Restoration for
•	
$\overline{}$	
Display Port Capture Pins Send	Echo Port   12C   12C-2   12CMisc   Misc   In
(*idn?)	
	Send Numbers Send Cli + CP
0 ^C LF Repeats 1 🜩	Literal Strip Spaces +crc SMBUS
Dump File to Port	
c:\temp\capture.txt	💌 Send File 🗙 Stop Delays 0 💠 0
	Bepeats 1 🔹 0

7. The terminal display will return the following:

GW\_INSTEK,PSB-1400L,TWXXXXXXXXX, X.XX.XXXXXXXX (manufacturer, model, serial number, software version)

8. If Realterm fails to connect to the PSB-1000, please check all the cables and settings and try again.

### Configure GPIB Interface - Optional

To use GPIB, the optional PSB-105 GPIB interface card must first be installed.

Note Note		The GPIB interface card (PSB-105) must first be installed before the GPIB interface can be used fo remote control. Please see page 50 for installation details.	r า
GPIB Configuration	1.	Connect a GPIB cable from the PC to the GPIB on the interface card.	
	2.	Press the <i>Utility</i> key. The Utility menu will appear on the display.	
	3.	Go to the <i>Interface</i> >>> setting using the scroll wheel and press <i>Enter</i> .	
	4.	Use the scroll wheel to go to the <i>GPIB</i> setting and press <i>Enter</i> .	
	5.	Go to the <i>GPIB Control</i> setting and select Enable.	

GPIB Control Disable, Enable.

6. Go to the GPIB Address, key in the address using the keypad and then press *Enter*.

GPIB Address  $0 \sim 30$ 

- 7. Press the *[F4] Save* soft-key to save the GPIB settings.
- 8. The GPIB icon will appear in the status bar to indicate that the GPIB connection is enabled.



- Exit 9. Press *Exit*[*F5*] to exit from the GPIB settings.
- GPIB constraints •Maximum 15 devices altogether, 20m cable length, 2m between each device
  - •Unique address assigned to each device
  - •At least 2/3 of the devices turned On
  - •No loop or parallel connection

### **GPIB** Function Check

Functionality check	Please use the National Instruments Measurement & Automation Controller software to confirm GPIB/LAN functionality.
	See the National Instrument website, http://www.ni.com for details.
Note	For further details, please see the programming manual, available on the GW Instek web site @ www.gwinstek.com.
Operation	1. Start the NI Measurement and Automation Explorer (MAX) program. Using Windows, press:

Start>All Programs>NI MAX



2. From the Configuration panel access; My System>Devices and Interfaces>GPIB0

- 3. Press the Scan for Instruments button.
- 4. In the *Connected Instruments* panel the PSB-1000 should be detected as *Instrument 0* with the address the same as that configured on the PSB-1000.
- 5. Double click the *Instrument 0* icon.



- 6. Click on Visa Properties.
- 7. Click on Open Visa Test Panel.



- 8. Click on the Input/Output icon.
- 9. Under the Basic I/O tab, ensure \*IDN? is written in the *Select or Enter Command* text box.
- 10. Click on the *Query* button to send the \**IDN*? query to the instrument.

11. The instrument identification string will be returned to the buffer area:

GW\_INSTEK,PSB-1400L,TWXXXXXXXXX, X.XX.XXXXXXXX

(manufacturer, model, serial number, software version)



12. The function check is complete.

### **Configure Ethernet Connection**

The Ethernet interface can be configured for a number of different applications. Ethernet can be configured for basic remote control or monitoring using a web server or it can be configured as a socket server.

The PSB-1000 supports both DHCP connections so the instrument can be automatically connected to an existing network or alternatively, network settings can be manually configured.

Ethernet Parameters	MAC Address (display only)	Host Name (display only)	
	LAN Control	DHCP	
	IP Address	Subnet Mask	
	Gateway	DNS Server	
	Socket Control	Socket port (fixed:2268)	
	Web Control	Password Control	
	Web Password		
Ethernet Configuration	1. Connect a LAN cable to the Ethernet port o panel.	e from the PC LAN on the rear	
	2. Press the <i>Utility</i> key. menu will appear on	The Utility Utility the display.	
	3. Go to the <i>Interface</i> >>> setting using the scroll wheel and press <i>Enter</i> .		
	4. Use the scroll wheel and press <i>Enter</i> .	to go to the LAN setting	
	5. If the LAN cable is ir icon will appear in th	nstalled correctly, a LAN he status bar.	

6. To automatically have the network assign an IP address, set DHCP to ON. Otherwise set DHCP to OFF to manually set the Ethernet settings.
DHCP ON, OFF
7. If DHCP was set to OFF, configure the remaining LAN parameters.
LAN Control
IP Address
Subnet Mask
Gateway
DNS Server
Socket control
Socket port (fixed:2268)

Web control

Password control

Web password

#### **Connection status**



Exit

8. Press *Exit*[*F5*] to exit from the LAN settings.

172.16.22.177 255.255.128.0 172.16.0.254

172.16.1.252 02:80:AD:13:05:11

ON

### Web Server Remote Control Function Check

Dimensions

**Operating** Area

Functionality check	Enter the IP example: ht browser afte configured f	address of the p tp:// XXX.XXX.X er the instrumer for LAN(page 1)	power supply (for XX.XXX) in a web at has been 78).	
	The web int	erface allows yo	ou to:	
	•View the syn network co	stem and inform	nation and the	
	•View the analog control pinout.			
	•View the di	mensions of the	unit	
	View the on		dint.	
	• view the op	erating area		
	Example:			
		Visit Our Site	Support   Contact us	
		PSB-1000 Series		
	Welcome Page	Web Control Pages	System Information	
	Network Configuration	Thanks For Your Using.	Serial Number: 0000	
		Use the left menu to select the feature you need	B Description: GW-INSTEK,PSB-1800M	
	External Control	you need.	Version: 0.90.20150630	
	D	More How-to Please refer to user manual.	Hostname: P-0000	

0.000.0

Copyright 2015 @ Good Will Instrument Co., Ltd All Rights Reserved.
#### Socket Server Function Check

Background	To test the socket server functionality, National Instruments Measurement and Automation Explorer can be used. This program is available on the NI website, <u>www.ni.com</u> ., via a search for the VISA Run-time Engine page, or "downloads" at the following URL, http://www.ni.com/visa/
Requirements	Firmware: V1.12 Operating System: Windows XP, 7, 8, 8.1
Functionality check	<ol> <li>Start the NI Measurement and Automation Explorer (MAX) program. Using Windows, press:</li> <li>Start&gt;All Programs&gt;NI MAX</li> </ol>



2. From the Configuration panel access;

*My System>Devices and Interfaces>Network Devices*  3. Press Add New Network Device>Visa TCP/IP Resource...



4. Select *Manual Entry of Raw Socket* from the popup window.



- 5. Enter the IP address and the port number of the PSB-1000. The port number is fixed at 2268.
- 6. Double click the Validate button and press *Next*.



- 7. Next configure the Alias (name) of the PSB-1000 connection. In this example the Alias is: PSB
- 8. Click finish.



9. The IP address of the power supply will now appear under Network Devices in the configuration panel. Select this icon now.

10. Press Open VISA Test Panel.



11. Click the *Configuration* Icon. Under the *IO* Settings tab check *Enable Termination Character*. The termination character should be set as *Line Feed* - \n.



12. Click the *Input/Output* icon. Under the *Basic I/O* tab, make sure \**IDN*?\*n* is entered in the *Select or Enter Command* drop box.

13. Click Query.





For further details, please see the programming manual, available on the GW Instek web site @ www.gwinstek.com.

#### Error Log

The Error Log function logs the error messages from the LAN, GPIB and USB remote control and displays them on the screen.

- Steps
   1. Press the Utility key. The Utility menu will appear on the display.
  - 2. Go to the *Error Log* >>> setting using the scroll wheel and press *Enter*.
  - 3. Use the F1  $\sim$  F3 soft-keys to error log source.

Log source	LAN, USB, GPIB	
------------	----------------	--

4. To clear the selected log from the screen, press [F4] Clear.



Exit 5. Press *Exit*[*F5*] to exit from the Error Log screen.

## FAQ

• The accuracy does not match the specification.

The accuracy does not match the specification.

Make sure the device is powered On for at least 30 minutes, within +18°C~+28°C. This is necessary to stabilize the unit to match the specification.

For more information, contact your local dealer or GWInstek at www.gwinstek.com / marketing@goodwill.com.tw.



## PSB-1000 Default Settings

The following default settings are the factory configuration settings for the power supply.

For details on how to return to the factory default settings, see page 58.

Function	
CV Control	Local
CC Control	Local
Breaker	Enable
Ext-Out	High
PON Run	None
Track	Local
Sense	Disable
Speaker	Enable
Lock Ctrl	OFF
Output	OFF
Voltage	0.00V
Current	0.00A
OVP	105% Rating
OCP	105% Rating
Bleeder	Enable
INT-R	0.000Ω
Average	Low
Lock	Mode 0
On Delays	0.00s
Off Delays	0.00s
OCP Control	Enable
OCP Delays	Auto
I/V Mode	CVHS

## **GWINSTEK**

VSR 🗷	Maximum
VSR 😼	Maximum
ISR 🗷	Maximum
ISR ↘	Maximum
Vdef1	0.00V
Vdef2	0.00V
Vdef3	0.00V
Vsetp ⊅	0.00V
Vsetp ↘	0.00V
OVPdef1	105% Rating
OVPdef2	105% Rating
OVPdef3	105% Rating

## PSB-1000 Specifications

The specifications apply when the PSB-1000 is powered on for at least 30 minutes.

#### PSB-1000 400W Models

Output	PSB-1400L	PSB-1400M	
Rated output voltage (*1)	40V	160V	
Rated output current (*2)	40A	10A	
Rated output power	400W	400W	
Power ratio	4	4	
Constant Voltage Mode	PSB-1400L	PSB-1400M	
Line regulation (*3)	23mV	83mV	
Load regulation (*4)	25mV	85mV	
Pipple and naise (*5)	60mVp-p (*6)	60mVp-p (*6)	
Ripple and hoise (~5)	7mVr.m.s. (*7)	12mVr.m.s. (*7)	
Temperature coefficient	100ppm/°C of rated or	utput voltage, after a 30	
	minute	warm-up.	
Remote sense compensation	0.61/	0.61/	
voltage (single wire)	0.67	0.0 V	
Rise time (*8)			
Rated load	50ms	100ms	
No load	50ms	100ms	
Fall time (*9)			
Rated load	50ms	150ms	
No load	500ms	1200ms	
Transient response time	lmc	lmc	
(*10)	11115	1115	
Constant Current Mode	PSB-1400L	PSB-1400M	
Line regulation (*3)	45mA	15mA	
Load regulation (*11)	45mA	15mA	
Ripple and noise (*7)	80mA	20mA	
	200ppm/°C of rated output current, after a 30		
iemperature coefficient	minute warm-up.		

Protection Function	PSB-1400L	PSB-1400M
Overvoltage protection (OVP)		
Setting Range	4 - 44V	5 - 176V
Setting Accuracy		
± (2% of rated output voltage)	0.8V	3.2V
Over current protection (OCP	')	
Setting Range	4 - 44A	1 - 11A
Setting Accuracy ± (2% of rated output	0.8A	0.2A
Over temperature protection (OTP)	Operation: Turr	is the output off.
Low AC input protection (AC-FAIL)	Operation: Turn the output off.	
Douvor limit	Operation: Over power limit.	
	Value (fixed): Approx. 105% of rated output power	

Analog Programming and Monitoring			
	PSB-1400L	PSB-1400M	
External voltage control output voltage	400mV ±1% of Vo_rated	1600mV ±1% of Vo_rated	
External voltage control output current	400mA ±1% of Io_rated	100mA ±1% of Io_rated	
External resistor control	600mV ±1.5% of	2400mV ±1.5% of	
output voltage	Vo_rated	Vo_rated	
External resistor control	600mA ±1.5% of	150mA ±1.5% of	
output current	Io_rated	Io_rated	
Output voltage monitor	100mV ±1%	100mV ±1%	
Output current monitor	100mA ±1%	100mA ±1%	
Shutdown control	Turns the output off with a LOW (0V to 0.5V) or short-circuit.		
Output on/off control	Possible logic selections: Turn the output on using a LOW (0V to 0.5V) or short-circuit, turn the output off using a HIGH (4.5V to 5V) or open-circuit. Turn the output on using a HIGH (4.5V to 5V) or open-circuit, turn the output off using a LOW (0V to 0.5V) or short-circuit.		
Alarm clear control	Clear alarms with a LOW (0V to 0.5V) or short- circuit.		
CV/CC/ALM/PWR ON/OUT ON indicator	Photocoupler open collector output; Maximum voltage 30V, maximum sink current 8mA.		

Front Panel	PSB-1400L	PSB-1400M
Display accuracy		
Voltage	0.1% + 20mV	0.1% + 100mV
Current	0.1% + 20mA	0.1% + 10mA
Indications and Icon	OFF, CV, CC, Lock, Buzze	r
Buttons	Main(Local), FUNC, Utility, File, Voltage, Current, OVP( <u>CLR PROT</u> ), OCP, Numeric Keypad, Exit, Arrows Key, Enter, Lock( <u>Unlock</u> ), F1, F2, F3, F4, F5, Output	
Rotary knob	Turn the knob to the right Turn the knob to the left t	t to increase the value. to decrease the value.
USB port	Type A USB connector	
Binding Post	RED: Positive output, Positive sensing. BLACK: Negative output, Negative sensing. GREEN: Earth ground	
Programming and Measurem	nent (USB, LAN, GPIB) PSB-1400L	PSB-1400M
Output voltage programming accuracy	0.1% + 10mv	0.1% + 50mV
Output current programming accuracy	0.1% + 20mA	0.1% + 10mA
Output voltage programming resolution	lmV	3mV
Output current programming resolution	lmA	lmA
Output voltage measurement accuracy	0.1% + 10mV	0.1% + 50mV
Output current measurement accuracy	0.1% + 20mA	0.1% + 10mA
Output voltage measurement resolution	lmV	3mV
Output current measurement resolution	lmA	lmA
Series and Parallel Capability	PSB-1400L	PSB-1400M
Parallel number	4 units	4 units
Series number	2 units	2 units

Input Characteristics	PSB-1400L	PSB-1400M	
Nominal input rating	100Vac to 240Vac, 50Hz to 60Hz, single phase		
Input voltage range	85Vac ~ 265Vac		
Input frequency range	47Hz ~ 63Hz		
Maximum input current			
100Vac	5.5A	5.5A	
200Vac	2.75A	2.75A	
Inrush current	Less than 25A.	Less than 25A.	
Maximum input power	550VA	550VA	
Power factor			
100Vac	C	).99	
200Vac	C	).98	
Efficiency			
100Vac	77%	80%	
200Vac	79%	82%	
Hold-up time	20ms o	or greater	
Interface Capabilities			
USB	TypeA: Host, TypeB: Slav	re, Speed: 1.1/2.0, USB	
	MAC Address DNIS ID A	ddress User Password	
LAN	Gateway IP Address Instrument IP Address		
	Subnet Mask		
GPIB	Optional: PSB-105 (GPIB Card)		
Signal Input/Output			
	Pulse input for resuming	g the sequence function,	
Trigger Input	BNC connector. Photocoupler input, driver		
inggerinput	voltage: 5V, DC resistance: approx.250 $\Omega$ , active		
	with 10mA source, pulse width: 1ms.		
	Pulse output at the start	of sequence step	
Trigger Output	execution, BNC connector. Open collector output,		
	pulled up to +5V with approx. 330 $\Omega$ , maximum		
	sink current: 8mA, pulse width: 1ms.		
	Pulse output, BNC connector. Open collector		
Voltage Trigger	output, pulled up to +5V with approx. 330 $\Omega$ ,		
	maximum sink current:	8mA.	
Environmental Conditions			
Operating temperature	0°C to 40°C		
Storage temperature	-25°C to 70°C		
Operating humidity	200/ to 200/ DLL. No. com	doncation	
Storage humidity	20% 10 03% KH; NO COP	densation	
Altitudo			
Annuae	IVIAXITTIUTTI 2000TTI		

General Specifications	PSB-1400L	PSB-1400M	
Weight (main unit only)	Approx. 5.2kg	Approx. 6.8kg	
Dimensions (WxHxD) mm <sup>3</sup>	214×124×350		
Cooling	Forced air cooling by in	ternal fan.	
EMC	Complies with the European EMC directive 2014/30/EU for Class A test and measurement products.		
Safety	Complies with the European Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU and carries the CE-marking.		
	Between input and chassis: No abnormalities at 1500 Vac for 1 minute.		
Withstand voltage	Between input and out 3000 Vac for 1 minute.	put: No abnormalities at	
	Between output and chassis: No abnormalities at 500 Vdc for 1 minute.		
	Between input and char more.	ssis: 500 Vdc, 100M $\Omega$ or	
Insulation Resistance	Between input and output: 500 Vdc, 100M $\Omega$ or more.		
	Between output and ch more.	assis: 500 Vdc, 100M $\Omega$ or	

Notes:

\*1: Minimum voltage is guaranteed to maximum 0.1% of the rated output voltage.

\*2: Minimum current is guaranteed to maximum 0.2% of the rated output current.

\*3: At 85 ~ 132Vac or 170 ~ 265Vac, constant load.

\*4: From No-load to Full-load, constant input voltage. Measured at the sensing point in Remote Sense.

\*5: Measure with JEITA RC-9131B (1:1) probe

\*6: Measurement frequency bandwidth is 10Hz to 20MHz.

\*7: Measurement frequency bandwidth is 5Hz to 1MHz.

\*8: From 10% to 90% of rated output voltage, with rated resistive load.

\*9: From 90% to 10% of rated output voltage, with rated resistive load.

\*10: Time for output voltage to recover within 0.1% + 10mV of its rated output for a load change from 50 to 100% of its rated output current.

\*11: For load voltage change, equal to the unit voltage rating, constant input voltage.

#### PSB-1000 800W Models

Output	PSB-1800L	PSB-1800M	
Rated output voltage (*1)	40V	160V	
Rated output current (*2)	80A	20A	
Rated output power	800W	800W	
Power ratio	4	4	
Constant Voltage Mode	PSB-1800L	PSB-1800M	
Line regulation (*3)	23mV	83mV	
Load regulation (*4)	25mV	85mV	
Pipple and naise (*5)	80mVp-p (*6)	80mVp-p (*6)	
Ripple and hoise (~5)	11mVr.m.s. (*7)	15mVr.m.s. (*7)	
Temperature coefficient	100ppm/°C of rated οι	itput voltage, after a 30	
	minute warm-up.		
Remote sense compensation	0.6\/	0.61/	
voltage (single wire)	0.00	0.01	
Rise time (*8)			
Rated load	50ms	100ms	
No load	50ms	100ms	
Fall time (*9)			
Rated load	50ms	150ms	
No load	500ms	1200ms	
Transient response time (*10)	lms	lms	
Constant Current Mode	PSB-1800L	PSB-1800M	
Line regulation (*3)	85mA	25mA	
Load regulation (*11)	85mA	25mA	
Ripple and noise (*7)	160mA	40mA	
Temperature coefficient	200ppm/°C of rated output current, after a 30		
	minute warm-up.		

Protection Function	PSB-1800L	PSB-1800M
Overvoltage protection (OVP)		
Setting Range	4 - 44V	5 - 176V
Setting Accuracy		
± (2% of rated output voltage)	0.8V	3.2V
Over current protection (OCP	')	
Setting Range	5 - 88A	2 - 22A
Setting Accuracy ± (2% of rated output current)	1.6A	0.4A
Over temperature protection (OTP)	Operation: Turns the output off.	
Low AC input protection (AC-FAIL)	Operation: Turn the output off.	
Dower limit	Operation: Over power limit.	
Power IIIIII	Value (fixed): Approx. 105% of rated output power	

Analog Programming and Mo	onitoring		
	PSB-1800L	PSB-1800M	
External voltage control output voltage	400mV ±1% of Vo_rated	1600mV ±1% of Vo_rated	
External voltage control output current	800mA ±1% of Io_rated	200mA ±1% of Io_rated	
External resistor control output voltage	600mV ±1.5% of Vo_rated	2400mV ±1.5% of Vo_rated	
External resistor control output current	1200mA ±1.5% of Io_rated	300mA ±1.5% of Io_rated	
Output voltage monitor	100mV ±1%	100mV ±1%	
Output current monitor	100mA ±1%	100mA ±1%	
Shutdown control	Turns the output off with a LOW (0V to 0.5V) or short-circuit.		
Output on/off control	Possible logic selections: Turn the output on using a LOW (0V to 0.5V) or short-circuit, turn the output off using a HIGH (4.5V to 5V) or open-circuit. Turn the output on using a HIGH (4.5V to 5V) or open-circuit, turn the output off using a LOW (0V to 0.5V) or short-circuit.		
Alarm clear control	Clear alarms with a LOW (0V to 0.5V) or short- circuit.		
CV/CC/ALM/PWR ON/OUT ON indicator	Photocoupler open collector output; Maximum voltage 30V, maximum sink current 8mA.		

Front Panel	PSB-1800L	PSB-1800M	
Display accuracy			
Voltage	0.1% + 20mV	0.1% + 100mV	
Current	0.1% + 40mA	0.1% + 20mA	
Indications and Icon	OFF, CV, CC, Lock, Buzze	r	
Buttons	Main(Local), FUNC, Utility, File, Voltage, Current, OVP( <u>CLR PROT</u> ), OCP, Numeric Keypad, Exit, Arrows Key, Enter, Lock( <u>Unlock</u> ), F1, F2, F3, F4, F5, Output		
Rotary knob	Turn the knob to the right to increase the value. Turn the knob to the left to decrease the value.		
USB port	Type A USB connector		
Binding Post	RED: Positive output, Positive sensing. BLACK: Negative output, Negative sensing. GREEN: Earth ground		
Programming and Measurem	nent (USB, LAN, GPIB) PSB-1800L	PSB-1800M	
Output voltage programming accuracy	0.1% + 10mv	0.1% + 50mV	
Output current programming accuracy	0.1% + 40mA	0.1% + 20mA	
Output voltage programming resolution	lmV	3mV	
Output current programming resolution	2mA	1mA	
Output voltage measurement accuracy	0.1% + 10mV	0.1% + 50mV	
Output current measurement accuracy	0.1% + 40mA	0.1% + 20mA	
Output voltage measurement resolution	lmV	3mV	
Output current measurement resolution	2mA	1mA	
Series and Parallel Capability	PSB-1800L	PSB-1800M	
Parallel number	4 units	4 units	
Series number	2 units	2 units	

Input Characteristics	PSB-1800L	PSB-1800M		
Nominal input rating	100Vac to 240Vac, 50Hz to 60Hz, single phase			
Input voltage range	85Vac ~ 265Vac			
Input frequency range	47Hz ~ 63Hz			
Maximum input current				
100Vac	11A	11A		
200Vac	5.5A	5.5A		
Inrush current	Less than 50A.	Less than 50A.		
Maximum input power	1100VA	1100VA		
Power factor				
100Vac	0.99			
200Vac	0.98			
Efficiency				
100Vac	77%	80%		
200Vac	79%	82%		
Hold-up time	20ms or greater			
Interface Capabilities		C   11/20 UCD		
USB	TypeA: Host, TypeB: Slave, Speed: 1.1/2.0, USB Class: CDC(Communications Device Class)			
LAN	MAC Address, DNS IP Address, User Password, Gateway IP Address, Instrument IP Address, Subnet Mask			
GPIB	Optional: PSB-105 (GPIB Card)			
	<b>\</b>	,		
Signal Input/Output				
Trigger Input	Pulse input for resuming the sequence function, BNC connector. Photocoupler input, driver voltage: 5V, DC resistance: approx.250Ω, active with 10mA source, pulse width: 50us.			
Trigger Output	Pulse output at the start of sequence step execution, BNC connector. Open collector output, pulled up to +5V with approx. $330\Omega$ , maximum sink current: 8mA, pulse width: 50us.			
Voltage Trigger	Pulse output, BNC connector. Open collector output, pulled up to $+5V$ with approx. $330\Omega$ , maximum sink current: 8mA, pulse width: 50us.			
Environmental Conditions				
Operating temperature	0°C to 40°C			
Storage temperature	-25°C to 70°C			
Operating humidity	20% to 85% RH; No con	densation		
Storage humidity	90% RH or less; No cond	densation		
<u> </u>	Maximum 2000m			

General Specifications	PSB-1800L	PSB-1800M	
Weight (main unit only)	Approx. 5.2kg	Approx. 6.8kg	
Dimensions (WxHxD) mm <sup>3</sup>	214×124×350		
Cooling	Forced air cooling by internal fan.		
EMC	Complies with the European EMC directive 2014/30/EU for Class A test and measurement products.		
Safety	Complies with the European Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU and carries the CE-marking.		
Withstand voltage	Between input and cha 1500 Vac for 1 minute.	ssis: No abnormalities at	
	Between input and out 3000 Vac for 1 minute.	put: No abnormalities at	
	Between output and ch 500 Vdc for 1 minute.	assis: No abnormalities at	
Insulation Resistance	Between input and cha more.	ssis: 500 Vdc, 100M $\Omega$ or	
	Between input and out more.	put: 500 Vdc, 100M $\Omega$ or	
	Between output and ch more.	nassis: 500 Vdc, 100M $\Omega$ or	

Notes:

\*1: Minimum voltage is guaranteed to maximum 0.1% of the rated output voltage.

\*2: Minimum current is guaranteed to maximum 0.2% of the rated output current.

\*3: At 85 ~ 132Vac or 170 ~ 265Vac, constant load.

\*4: From No-load to Full-load, constant input voltage. Measured at the sensing point in Remote Sense.

\*5: Measure with JEITA RC-9131B (1:1) probe

\*6: Measurement frequency bandwidth is 10Hz to 20MHz.

\*7: Measurement frequency bandwidth is 5Hz to 1MHz.

\*8: From 10% to 90% of rated output voltage, with rated resistive load.

\*9: From 90% to 10% of rated output voltage, with rated resistive load.

\*10: Time for output voltage to recover within 0.1% + 10mV of its rated output for a load change from 50 to 100% of its rated output current.

\*11: For load voltage change, equal to the unit voltage rating, constant input voltage.

#### **PSB-1000** Dimensions



Scale = mm

## Declaration of Conformity

#### We

#### GOOD WILL INSTRUMENT CO., LTD.

declare that the below mentioned product

Type of Product: Multi-Range DC Power Supply

Model Number: PSB-1400L, PSB-1400M, PSB-1800L, PSB-1800M are herewith confirmed to comply with the requirements set out in the Council Directive on the Approximation of the Law of Member States relating to Electromagnetic Compatibility (2014/30/EU), Low Voltage Directive (2014/35/EU), WEEE (2012/19/EU) and RoHS (2011/65/EU). For the evaluation regarding the Electromagnetic Compatibility and Low Voltage Directive, the following standards were applied:

© EMC			
EN 61326-1:	Electrical equipment for measurement, control and		
EN 61326-2-1:	laboratory use EMC requirements (2013)		
Conducted & Radi	liated Emission Electrical Fast Transients		Electrical Fast Transients
EN 55011: 2009+A	55011: 2009+A1:2010 Class A EN 61000-4-4: 2012		EN 61000-4-4: 2012
Current Harmonic	S		Surge Immunity
EN 61000-3-2: 2014	1		EN 61000-4-5: 2006
Voltage Fluctuations		Conducted Susceptibility	
EN 61000-3-3: 2013		EN 61000-4-6: 2014	
Electrostatic Discharge		Power Frequency Magnetic Field	
EN 61000-4-2: 2009	)		EN 61000-4-8: 2010
Radiated Immunit	У		Voltage Dip/ Interruption
EN 61000-4-3: 2006+A1:2008+A2:2010		EN 61000-4-11: 2004	
Low Voltage Equipment Directive 2014/35/EU			
Safety Requiremen	Safety Requirements EN 61010-1: 2010 / EN 61010-2-030: 2010		

#### GOODWILL INSTRUMENT CO., LTD.

No. 7-1, Jhongsing Road, Tucheng District, New Taipei City 236, TaiwanTel: +886-2-2268-0389Fax: +886-2-2268-0639Web: http://www.gwinstek.comEmail: marketing@goodwill.com.tw

#### GOODWILL INSTRUMENT (SUZHOU) CO., LTD.

No. 521, Zhujiang Road, Snd, Suzhou	I Jiansu 215011, China
Tel: <u>+86-512-6661-7177</u>	Fax: <u>+86-512-6661-7277</u>
Web: <u>http://www.instek.com.cn</u>	Email: <u>marketing@instek.com.cn</u>

#### GOODWILL INSTRUMENT EURO B.V.

De Run 5427A, 5504DG Veldhoven, The Netherlands Tel: <u>+31-(0)40-2557790</u> Fax: <u>+31-(0)40-2541194</u> Email: sales@gw-instek.eu

# NDEX

Accessories 13
Alarm
description 34
Alarm clear72
Analog control
alarm clear159
analog programming connector
pin assignment144
output control155
overview143
remote monitoring161
resistance control – current
output152
resistance control – voltage
output
shutdown control
status monitoring
voltage control – current output149
Blooder control
description 22
Plandar register 20
Courtier countries
Caution symbol
CC and CV mode
description
Cleaning the instrument
clear alarm72
Conventions 53
Current output level 67
Current slew rate 81
Declaration of conformity 201
Default settings 188
Disposal instructions7
EN61010
measurement category
pollution degree7
Environment
safety instruction7
Ethernet
interface178
Factory settings
, 0

reset 58
Front panel diagram15
Ground
symbol 5
Grounding
I/V Control
Internal resistance
description 33
LCD configuration61
List of features12
Load connection
Marketing
contact
Measurement average setting85
Memory settings
copy 120
copy to internal memory 122
delete USB file123
recall 119
rename USB file 125
save
Model differences
Model differences
0CP
onable 77
Operating area description 29
Operating area description
floating output
inrush current 36
pulsed loads
reverse current
Option installation50
Output current protection level71
Output delay
Output on
Output voltage protection level69
OVP 69
Parallel mode
connection

#### **G**<sup>W</sup>INSTEK

operation
overview
Parallel operation
Power On
Breaker 95
CC Control
CV Control
Ext-Out
PON Run
Sense
Tracking Control93
Power on/off
safety instruction
Power up
Rack mount
description52
Remote control166
Ethernet
GPIB173
LAN
USB 167
Remote control function check
GPIB175
Realterm
RS-232
USB 169
Remote sense
operation48
Sequence
clear
сору 132
delete 132
load 128
load from internal memory 135
load from USB130
move
overview 128
run from internal memory 135
run from USB 130

Serial number	59
Series mode	
connection	112
Operation	115
overview	109
Series operation	98
Service operation	
about disassembly	6
contact	187
Slew rate	
description	32
Socket server function check	s181
Sound	60
Speaker	60
sound	60
Specifications	190
System version	
view	59
Terminal cover	49
TRIG IN BNC	
pin assignment	138
TRIG OUT BNC	
pin assignment	139
Trigger	
trigger in	138
trigger out	139
voltage trigger	141
UK power cord	8
USB driver installation	62
VOLT TRIG BNC	
pin assignment	141
Voltage output level	65
Voltage slew rate	81
Warning symbol	5
Web server function check	180
Wire gauge chart	44